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MAYSVILLE, THURSDAY, JUNE 25

From the Richmond Enquirer. Monody on the Death of General Etonewall Jackson. Spoken at the Richmond V arieties hy Miss Wren.

BY THE EXILE.

Ayel to'll to'll toll! Tell the funetal bell! And let its monruful echoes roll From spliere to schere, from pole to pole, O'er the flight of the greatest, kingliest soul That ever in battle fell.

Yes! weep! weep! weep! Weep for the hero fied! For death, the greatest of soldiers, at last Has over our leader his black pall cast. And from us his noble form hath passed To the home of the mighty dead.

Then tell! and weep! and monrn! Monro the fall of the brave! For Jackson, whose deeds made the nation

At whose very name the enemy cowed, With the "crimson cross" for his martial shroud Now sleeps his long sleep in the grave.

His form has pass'd away! His voice is silent and still! No more at the head of "the old brigade," The daring men who were never dismay'd, Will he lead them to glory that never can fade, Stonewall of the iron will!

He fell as a hero should fall! 'Mid the thunder of war he died! While the rifle crack'd and the cannon roar'd, And the blood of the friend and focman pour'd, He dropp'd from his nerveless grasp the sword That rest was the nation's pridc.

Virginia, his mother is bow'd! Her tread is heavy and slow! From all the South comes a wailing moan, And mountains and valleys re-echo the groan, For the gallant chief of her clans has flown, And a nation is fill'd with woe.

Rest, warrior! restl.

Rest in thy laurel'd tombl Thy mem'ry shall live thro' all of earth's years, And thy name still excitc the despot's fears, While o'cr thee shall fall a natio, 's tears, Thy deeds shall not perish in gloom.

Fruits of War and Peace.

OF WAR. The warrior waves his standard high, His falchion flashes in the fray, He madly shouts his battle cry, . And glories in the deathful day:

But famine's at the city gate, And rapine prowls without the walls, The country round lies desclate, While havoe's blighting footstep falls.

By ruined hearths, by homes defiled. By scenes that nature's visage mai, We feel the storm of passions wild, And plack the bitler fruits of war.

OF PEACE. The cob-web hangs on sword and belt, The charger draws the gilding plow,

The cannons in the furnace melt, And turn to gentle purpose Low. The threshers swing their pondrous flails, The craftsmen toil with cheerful might,

The happy land becomes renowned, / Asknowledge, art and wealth increase, And thus, with plenty smiling round, We call the blessed finits of peace-

The ocean swarms with cheerful sails,

And busy mills look gay at night.

ADVANTAGES OF BEING A WOMAN.—A ple on which we took sides with the Spanish to pay off our present war debt in five years, when the following of facts so admonitory and instructive as woman says what she chooses, without being knocked down for lt. She can take a whole weight our moral influence, and a and therefore to put the credit of our Gov- tions, what must be interred of the minds confab ensued: spooze atter dinner, while her hushand goes large share of material aid. It is the printo work. She can go into the street with- ciple on which we annexed Texas, and ont being asked to "stand treat" at every waged a sanguinary war against Mexico in saloon. She can stay at home in time of consequence of that measure. It is a prin- a common, saw a shepherd with a new coat war, and get married again if her husband ciple which Saward himself has avowed re- on, tending his flock. The parson asked war, and got married again to a state of the parson asked is killed. She can wear corsets if too thick, peatedly in proclaiming the Northern pur- him, in a very haughty tone, who gave him and other fixing if too thin. She can get pose of annexing Ganada. Every single one that coat. 'I'he eame that clothed yondivorced from her husband whenever she of the men now engaged in the Federal Ad- the parish," eaid the shepherd. The parsees one she likes better. She can get her ministration is on record as an advocate of son, nettled at this, rode on a little way. great fact that she cannot sing bass, go border on licentlousness. These things are groom went accordingly to the shepherd, chrickers, Bible-epurners, fierce, implacable, sparking, or climb a tree with any degree of notorious; and this war upon the South; to delivered his master's message, and conpropriety.

cer, at this place, is making a requisition plays the most shameless apostacy to a saupon sundry citizens of our county, for 'con- cred principle that human annals can pre- may tell your master that his living can not sonments and hangings, bloodthirsty—and trabands,' to be used for the public service eent. Paris Citizen.

personal goodness of others.

are flourishing. . 37 1. 102° . 1 °) Remarkable Articles from Southern Papers.

[From the Richmond Examiner.] THE "NATIONAL LIFE."

What ie the meaning of this cuckoo cry of the North, that they are waging war to save the "life of the nation?" Is there no life for them except in a Union with the South? The Confederate States and people meant by the phrase, but the miscreante with the Administration of the Governcan support a national existence very well who employ it; and none hat themselves by themselves; why can not the North do understand how it can be that measures so are not the eame. The word Government follows:

| Can support a national existence very well who employ it; and none hat themselves ment. You are too sensible to see that they are not the eame. The word Government follows:

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| Can support a national existence very well who employed the property of the distance of the existence very well who employed the existence very well who existen 2.00 3.00 4.50 5.00 6.50 15.00 25

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Besides, even if the plea were ever so well self-existence, does grounded, if the North were indeed a mere the politics of the North from that of Aus- which a nation or State is governed, or by that circumstance confer upon it any moral right to voke another people, alien and hostile, to en abborrent association? The rule in the natural world is, that parasites may he destroyed; not that the self-existent plant or animal must perish to support the parasite. The South hee a right to existence as well es her enemy. The vindictive spirit in which the North has waged war upon her shows the long latent hatred which that section had felt toward her people, and leaves no room to doubt that secession from the Union was an act of self preservation. Is ehe not entitled to "live" as well as her enemy? What right has any community to Independence and to recognition which constantly proclaims that its national life depends upon preserving or enforcing a union with another? But the abject meanness and the moral

worthlessness of the plea is only equaled by its falsity. The "national life" will not perish by the loss of the South. Thoy can still maintain a respectable nationality if they are only capable of pursuing a virtuous course of conduct. They have splendid country, a vast unoccupied domain, a generous soil and propitious climate; they have immense fixed capital end a heavy accumulation of peruniary means; they have unlimited resources ment. of minerals and forest wealth; they have skill in the arts and great experience and enterprise on the waters; they are the best masters in the world of steam. What, indeed, have they not in material resources? In many of these departments they hoast great ascendency over the South. Why, then, must they lose their national existence by separation from the South? There can he hut one reason, to-wil: The moral rottenness of the social fabric—the loss of aincere piety, the corruption of morals, a general depravity of moral nature, less of elevated tone, the departure of honor-these may he the causes of national decay and downfall; but the Yankees do not acknowledge their existence and their excuse for the war is based on some other theory.

can long maintain a prosperous national existence; because of this very want of nation. and more confident views of the stock of measures. If I think them unwise, I shall finish his work. Gen. B. then kicked the ruin that must follow this visitation of desoal and individual virtue; but that circumstance constitutes an imperativy reason why the South should flee from the modern Sodom. Her measures are not only defensive in the sletail, but her primary object wasself-preservation. If the loss of national life by the North is apprehended from this cause, an far from their war being justi fishle on this ground, it is the reverse .the North has no right to inflict her moral corruption upon her neighbor. The victim of small pox is bound to keep himself aloof from other people; and he may be shot grain with a luxuriance quite equal to that Support of what? Laws and acts subvertive leged to have made no resistance; but after this mortal contagion upon the public. In very much the same spirit that a healthy man would flee from contact of this loathsome contagion, did the South wish to secede from the Union; and the first and most sacred institutes of human nature compel her to resist a further association.

There can be no loss of "national life" to the North, except from the very causes The loss of morals is so utter and universal in that country, as almost to shake faith in modern civilization, and in the saving power 'salt of the earth," or else the 'salt has lost its savor."

But the moral aspect, though the most important, is not the only one in which the South is hound to view the condition of its late associate. The South is justifiable in preserving her freedom and free institutions. The war of the North upon her is itself a demonstration that the principles of American liberty are no longer respected by that ciety was planted on these shores. It is the contest the fortunes of the war with armies We understand that the commanding offi- plea of preserving the "cational life," dis- then? said the shepherd. 'No,' answered

But it is not merely with an external ref. erence that respect for the principles of civil manufacture of perfumes that some of their Cheerfulness of temper arises half from liberty is lost at the North. The attempt to ancient outments, preserved in alabaster Cheerfulness of temper affect that the exercise a foreign tyranny in violation of vases in the Museum at Alberton, England, DISTINGTION BETWEEN ABOLITIONISTS AND principle, has entailed the necessity of in- still retain a very power ni olor, though it stalling despetism at home. The civil ar- must be between 2.000 and 3 000 years old. -Why are birds in spring like a banking rests and incarceratione which have been establishmeni? Because they issue promis going on for two years are justified in this 'Ont of darkness cometh light,' as the sory notes; and rejoice when the branches same plea of preserving the "national life." printer's devil said when he looked into an the Garrison stamp," and "immense party" into another car.

Sory notes; and rejoice when the branches same plea of preserving the "national life." printer's devil said when he looked into an the Garrison stamp," and "immense party" into another car.

Civil liberty, may perish, the Constitution ink-keg. ار. . مادس داده د کلند ده در د

may be utterly abrogated, the most sacred Extract from a Letter of Prof. S. B.P. | into power only only on the grand purpose traditions of a people may he outraged, and the hest and wisest patriote in the land may he seized in eecret, thrust into dungeons, and their very existence concealed in myeserve the national life."

ism. There is nothing now to distinguish of fundamental rules and principles by ultra of indifference to public opinion and ficers are prescribed and defined. If the of hardiness in political crime and apostacy. word sometimes has a secondary or more They may now throw away even the con- limited meaning synonymons with Adminvenient plea of 'preserving the national life,' Istra'ion of public affairs, then 'the governand hereafter disdain to vonchsafe an excuse ment' ie metonymically used for Administraern jeople of the hetter sort, will soon have original and true eignification of the term in fact no salvation for the North, except in tendence of public affairs. retorting the plea of Lincoln and his Secretaries upon themselves. When the bodies is no opposition to the Government; the of these men shall dangle in a gallows in former may not only be ntterly destroyed Washington city, with the words, "hung to without affecting the health of the Governsave the national life" inscribed, the plea ment, but it may be, and constantly is, will then for the first time he true and legiti- thought to he necessary, in the opinion of mate, and the measure efficacious for the the supreme power, the people, to destroy

THE RESOURCES OF THE SOUTH.

never more ample than now; and the pre- tutions, but with the daily practice of the sent condition of the Confederacy, with ref- people. Every change of Administration erence to material elements of success in the at every election, B'ederal, State, or muniwar, ie one of varied and lively encourage- cipial, great or small, exemplifies this great

It is estimated that we have arms enough unscathed, while the Administration is to put in the hands of a million of men, and swept out of existence. our available military strength is rated at figures are authentic; a portion of them are derived from such public date as appear in derived from such publi the debates of Congress; while the estimate is tounded, that it shall not be in the pow- neath the surface of the ground, saying it takapas, where sentence of confiscation of out in circumetances of paramount necessity is probably not out of proportion to well ascertained statistics of population.

Other aspects of the picture of our condi-It is, in fact, not probable that the North In the Confederacy has, in a great measure, of production, which are now in exercise .-The grain crops in the South were never

From all parts of the Confederacy, From The South is forced by the most imperative motest Western houndary, we have cheering archy and despotism. reasons to make good her separation; and news of the growing grain crops. Contrary to the expectations of some, that the cotton region would not prove to he adapted to the cultivation of wheat, it has produced this down in his tracks, it he persist in thrusting we have seen in the hest wheat districts of of the Government? Laws and acts in di-holding him as long as he thought necessary, whelming crop.

dition of the Confederacy, we have also dose the President, one of the administrafinances, to excellent results of the Tax Bill, ty for emancipation proclamation? Where the withdrawal of the currency, the reduc- for his usurpation of the power to suspend tions of outlays and the enlarged revenue of the habeas corpus? Where for the confis-Government.

the South, whi b we have hastily review- to account. ed, are full of patriotic encouragement .-We commenced this war without manu factores, without accesa to the markets of charge "extreme and radical purposes" upthe world, and with scarcely more than a on those who rally in support of the Govhundred thousand arms. Surely, since we ernment. bave accomplished so much under the disaminer.

'A proud parson and his man, riding over maintain three of ns."

So perfect were the Egyptians in the

· Morse.

GOVERNMENT AND ADMINISTRATIONS. I will analyze the component parts of existence of Southern Aggression, (previous your queetion. You assume, without any tery, all on this vagne excuse of "preserving warrent, that my purpose ie to 'undermine national life." It would eeem that the "na-tional life" was stahled to the heart hy acts You appear to have fallen into the prevalike these; but no one knows what is really lent error of confounding the Government out together and sustaining the same policy? tation is confidently and universally enterrescue the subject from ambiguity, allow of thet "radical and infidel" faction, form a preceding this insens conflict. No conclu-

Opposition to the Administration, then, the Administration in order to preserve the These, then are the men with whom I find life of the Government. This is in accor- you affiliated. The military resources of the South were dance not only with the theory of our insti-

In the light of this explication, you must but little less than a million and a half .- preceive that so far from 'allying myself which Eastman had dug on the General's ceedings of the nation, who in their own We have now in the Confederate service with others for the purpose of undermining premises. The laying of the pipes was concerns have not a voice. from 600 000 to 650,000 effective men; the and paralyzing the power of the Govern- nearly completed, one only of the section irregular organizations and State militia ment, the very purpose of our. Society is lying by the side of the trench. At this would prohibly add 200,000 more. These to uphold and strengthen the Government, time Gen. B. came towards Mr. Russell and maintained, as, from appearance, we should of the additional forces that might be called er of an Administration, whether weak or would interfere with the plough. To this all property, and the eviction of every fami-

WHAT MUST WE SUPPORT?

Virginia. The corn. also is said to look rect and palpable contravention of the Con- Mr. Russell allowed him to rise and accomhealthy and thrifty in all parts of the Con- stitution? Laws and acts outside of the panied him a hundred or two hundred rods federacy, with the prospect of an over- Constitution? Laws and acts outside of the out of the field. Constitution? Wherein the fundamental

It is on such confounding of terms as this, left him. of government and Administration, that von

You must excuse me, dear sir, if I say opinions, and mould their actions, from the prejudiced and hefogged intellects controlling the fanatical avenues to public opinion?

CHARACTER OF ABOLITIONISM.

By the manner to which you allude to the "extreme radicalism and infidelity of the Garrison stamp," I am glad to find we husband in debt all over until he werns the these principles in its most latitudinous ex- murmuring, and then bade his man go back have a common stand-point from which to public not to trust her on his account. But tent; and Lincoln himself has proclaimed and ask the shepherd if he would come and view a portion of the field. Look at that public not to trust live are balanced by the the doctrine in terms so unlimited as to live with him, for he wanted a fool The dark conclave of conspirators, freedom headstrong, dennnciatory, Constitution and compel her to a political alliance which cluded as he was ordered, that his master Union haters, neisy, factions, breathing forth she achors, on the spurious and disgusting wanted a fool. Why, are you going away, threatening and laughter against all who venture a difference of opinion from them, if there is any other epithet of atrocity found in the vocaholarly of wickedness, do they not every one fitly designate some phase of sholitionism?

REPUBLICANS IMPOSSIBLE.

tion between these "radicals and infidels of ury pimp got up from his seat, and went

of resisting Southern aggression."

Waiving the question you raise of the sistance necessery on the pert of the North, I ask you how can sny distinction be made low the reduction of Port Hudson and Vickshetween parties in close allance, carrying hnrg, we should conclude that the expec-

Gen. Butler Chastised.

The Boston Courier gives the following account of the physical chastisement of

was employed by a Mr. Eastman, the agent rect participators; through representatives of Gen. Butier, to lay the pipes in a drain elected by them, in the Congressional prowicked, to work its injury.

I yield to no man in hearty loyalty to the Government, nor in ohedience also to the Administration in all its constitutional measures, whatever may be my private opinion. To this all property, and the eviction districts of Lovisions have been property, and the eviction districts of Lovisions have been with the plough. To this all property, and the eviction districts of Lovisions have been with the plough. To this all property, and the eviction districts of Lovisions have been property, and the eviction districts of Lovisions have been property, and the eviction districts of Lovisions have been property, and the eviction districts of Lovisions have been property. tion are not discouraging. The recent alarm ures, whatever may be my private opinion with violent and profane language, ordered most fertile districts of Louisiana have been with reference to the resources of subsistence of their wisdom. You mistake me if you him to leave his premises. Mr. Russell said swept of their labor, their cattle, their carts suppose I have any "radical purpose of un- he was employed by another person, and and their portable necessaries, and auhsided, and given place to better informed dermining or paralyzing" any of its legal did not look to him for his pay, and should of atrocious jocularity speak of the utter provisions on hand, and our vast capabilities use my constitutional liberty to do so, and section of the pipe into the drain, which lation. Is it, then, from a region so blacted, if the Administration transcends the power Mr. Russell picked np, and placed again in the West looks for a renewal of its com-The grain crops in the South were never intrusted to it by the People, I chall enmore promising than at the present season. deavor to point out their error, not in a consive language, Gen. B. kicked the pipe over whom and her people so much that was re-The crop of wheat likely to he harvested tumacious or nakind spirit, but nevertheless again, and as Mr. Russell was attempting to ciprocally beneficial had been done on the this year will be without a parallel in the firmly. To the standard of tho Constitut replace it, he received a violent blow in the grandest scale? The West, we repeat, action, and the Union under it, of all the United face. We understand that, subsequently, cording to our notions, is deceiving, egregi-States, I shall cling as the only political hope Gen. B. alleged this to be an accident; but only deceiving itself, if it for one moment the Potomac to the Rio Grande, and there. of the country, our only defence against an- the statements upon the other side do not imagines that the reopening of the Missiscorrespond with that view of the case .- sippi to trade will produce pristine prosperi-Mr. Russell immediately jumped from the ditch and as quickly Gen. B. was flat noon elapse after the fall of Vickshurg hefors But you eas, "unanimity of support is es- the ground and Mr. Russell had him by the peaceful commerce could venture to float sential to the very life of the nation." - throat and held him there. Gen. B. is al-

We learn that Mr. Russell toll the Gen-Extending our survey of the internal con. law of the Government, the Constitution, eral that he was an old man, over sixty the field, and a fall of ten percent. in gold, yeare of age, and had never before heep ascause for congratulation in its improved tors of the Supreme Law, find his authori- sailed in this way; that the General must remember he was in Massachusetts, not New Orleans; and that such conduct as his would not be tolerated on New England terion of ultimate euccess. When General which justifies the South in persisting in her tions of outrays and the configuration of ultimate encess. When General would not be tolerated on New England terion of ultimate encess. When General purpose of eternal and complete separation. The Government. We learn that already cation acts? Where for his authority to arsoil. He also told him it was no wonder Butler arrived in New Orleans, thirteen there have been at least eighty millions rest and incarcerate citizens? These are all we were heaten by the rehels, when such of months ago, and euheequently there was no withdrawn from circulation and returned to acis of the Administration, not of the ficers led our men; that, for his own part, the Treasury. The consequences of this re- Government; they are acts subsersive of the he was the grandson of a revolutionary paduction are already felt in the decline of Government; acts that are 'paralyzing and triot, who was killed by the British in his port either by land or water, he etrateor modern Unristianity. The motal disease prices, the disconragement of speculation, are undermining' the Government; acts own house, (at Lexington) and he himself gically, however, allowed the hatteries of and the moral as well as commercial benefits that are dividing the people of the North, and the other descendants of that man had Port Hudson to be erected, and in Septemof renewed confidence in the credit of the alarming them for the salety of the Consti- heen true to their democratic principles .- her last General Dick Taylor arrived in tution, the Government, and arousing them Reminding the General of his action at the Alexandria, on Red River, to commence the These traits in the general condition of to call their servants, the Administrators, Charleston Convention and of his political tergiversations in general, Mr. Russell then interior as low down as Berwick's Bay.

AN ANTI-COPPERHEAD - SCENE ON A on the cars of the little Miami railroad the of a place as formidable naturally as Vickspeople. The right of self-government, the great principle of free consent, have been advantages of the past, we may look with that your letter, to eo great an extent based other day. Some gentlemen on the train, it hurg, fortified under the direction of engigreat principle of free consent, have been confidence to a future in which we shall upon the popular fallacies of the day, is itself a proof of the necessity of just such a old fashioned cents, representing very neatly fessional attainments by any officer of their ciety was planted on these shores. It is the contest the war with armines of the war of the contest the war in which the 'Goddess of Liberty''. A very pompous class in any service, and defended by ment principle on which the first revolution. It is the principle of the contest the war in which they are en-ADVANTAGES OF BEING A WOMAN.—A ple on which we took sides with the Spanish of one present wer debt in five recent were debt in five recent wer debt in five recent were debt in five recent w

Pompous chap .- What in hell are you wearing that copperhead emblem for?'
Gentleman.- Will you answer me question first?"

Pompous chap.—'Yes.' Gentleman .- 'Ain't you an army conractor?

Well, suppose I am? 'Arn't you an abolitionist?' 'Yes, dyed in the wool.'

in hell long ago!

'Havn't you always eung, 'Let the South 'D-n, 'em, they ought to have been

Don't vou now eneer all the time at the Constitution of the United States?' Constitution he d-d; thie is no time to talk of constitutions.

'Well', continued the gentleman, 'do you ever wear any of these emblem?' pointing to the device.

distinguish myself from such arrant hypocrites, money leeches, and scoundrels, as you, that I wear this?

The people in the car fairly roared, and But you would have us make a distinct the creat-fallen negro worshiper and treasThe Navigation of the Mississippi. From the New Orleans True Delta. POPULAR MISCONOEPTION.

Judging of opinion in the free States

from the views and epeculations of their

prees in regerd to results anticipated to fol-

Did not the Republicen party, (in whose tained that trade with the Upper Missiesip-The incarceration and condemnation of Vallandigham marks the last step to despotGovernment, in free countries, is that form obtaining the power which they now be considered the samplest from aminguity, allow political alliance with it for the purpose of eion imaginable can be more fallacions than Government, in free countries, is that form obtaining the power which they now highly the condition in forming the condition in forming the condition in forming the condition. The expectation in forming the coalition in its entire lenth to morrow, no perceptible was doubtless that you would be able to change in its commerce, so far es domestic tria under Francis, and that of Naples, a which individual members of the hody poll-few years ago, under Bomba When a Gov-tio are to regulate their action. Govern-alliance. You thought this possible; I did need he calculated on: for if Western proernment finds it necessary to inhibit the play ment is in fact a Constitution by which the of William Tell, it has reached the ne plus rights and duties of citizens and public of an alliance had been formed. I predicted chase them do not exist in the hande of the that the ebolition wing would control the population resident and helenging in this whole; and if the party thus formed were lower valley. In these two districts, exeucceseful, the hopes of the country for empted by the Presidential proclamation Peace and Union would we wrecked; for it from confiscation, the disorganization of lais the very nature of fanaticism to leaven hor and industry has been so thorough and for their measures or their acts. The North tion and should not be confounded with the the whole lump. Was I not right? I esk complete that there is neither present means you now to look at the state of the country. nor future prospects for production to create, to take up the eame plea of 'preserving the Administration, which means the persons Is it not true that the abolition element has invite or sustain trade; consequently, eave national life," and by this warrant hang collectively who are intrusted with the exetheir base rulers up by the neck. There is cution of the laws, and with the superinof which you speak? Are you not adlet for Western producte to the sea, no other vocating and supporting the abolition policy advantage need soon he looked for from the of the Administratio? Is it not true that reopening of the river, if the feat he accomthese very "radicals and infidels of the Gar- pliehable. Nor is it at all likely that, for rison stamp, whom you justly loathe, have years to come, if ever, trade with this lower framed and passed the most offensive aboli- country will he as it was three years ago; tion measures that tinge the policy of the indeed, the probabilities are that it will al-Administration? So notorious is this the most cease to exist; certainly, in our opinion, eact, that to ask is to answer the question .- it will so cease if the National policy, ae it ie now announced and enforced in this State, he adhered to. In the districts facetiously represented as being on the same footing; la regard to the rights and property of their inhabitante, as are Maryland, Kentucky and Missouri, civil government except under most singular forms, can not be said to have truth The Government remains intact, General Butler by a laboring man of Lowell: an existence; and the extraordinary specta-'Mr. Russell, who is a Mason in Lowell, cle is presented of a people heing made di-

> If this mode of conducting affairs in what ls officially considered loval Lonisiana be ty; for, in truth, monthe must necessarily upon ite bosom to the Gulf.

But it is by any meana certain that Vicksburg will succumb, even hefore the investment of an officer of great energy, resolution and courage, as General Grant is admitted to he? The sanguine character of Wall street is not the accompaniment of armice in hased on the expectation of the early and certain surrender of the citadel which domipates our great river at Vicksburg, ienot by any means to be considered an nuerring criobstacle to the march of twenty-five hundred soldiers from New Orleans to Shreverecruiting of a force for the protection of the General Banks found on his assumption

of command a very different state of affairs from that which existed a few months previously, and he has now under innumerable RAILROAD CAR -A Curious scene occured disadvantages, to undertake the reduction hetter moderate its expectations. To see its commerce with us revived, as our heart has often been gladdened in contemplating it, would give us happiness exquieite beyond power of expression; to know that the blessings of peace were once more vouchsafed us would rejoice every good man; but if there are soon to he expected in presence of confiscation and rnin indiscriminately visited, God help the Valley of the Mississippi, and have mercy upon the nation, or disappointment, bitter, afflicting and complete, wills we fear, be alone realized.

The following were among the mottoes. at the great Vallandigham meeting in New York city:

Every man's house is his castle. Arhitrary arrests must and shall cease. " The trial by jury aball remain inviolate forever.

'No, by G-d!' said the flashy contractor. No punishment of citizens by Court Martial. 'Then, sir', said the gentleman, 'it is to Free speech is our birthright; Living we' will maintain it; Deing wat will assert it. 84.3

A Dutchman was summoned in court to identify a stolen hog. On being asked if the hog had any ear-marks, he replied: 'Te, only ear-mark dat I saw yas his tale yas out off.

Editors and Proprietors.

The Latest War News.

A telegram was received here yesterday, giving the head lines of Cincinnati morning papers, the substance of which, so far as repeated to us, was, that all business is sus- party to open action, and making it difficult pended in Pittsburg, the houses closed, and for many in its own ranks to continue their Orleans and his army required it, in his every able-hodled man put to work in the advocacy. The arhitrary arrest and trial of judgment. General Wilkinson had done every able-hodled man put to work in the trenches, fortifying against the rebels advancing ln heavy force against that city; that John Morgan, having crossed to the spirit of political hostility which goes much In such cases of trespass on legal rights, the north side of the Comberland river near Gallatin, Tenn., was attacked by the Federals, driven back across the river, but had rallied and recrossed and a battle was progressing without known results; and that the forces of Gen. Johnston (rehel) had de--feated the forces of Gen Sherman (federal), of Vicksburg, thus gaining possession of the important position of Haine's Bluff, on the

The situation of the armies of Lee very contradictory and confused. We copy deem them worth.

Everett's Raid.

severely punished for his dare-devil foolfor the 10th Kentucky to come upon him, men for friends allowed him to pass through forces probably escaped through the moun- the "end of the war." tains, sacrificing their rear-guard, under

Sergt.; J. E. Stevenson, Sergt.; Wm. H. Merrill, Sergt.; Wm. F. Everett, Sergt.; J. D. Talbai; Pascal Mason; Robt. R. Larkin An age, measured by events, has since passed suicidal, must they be silent because what erick to Harper's Ferry. E. Munson; Jas. A. Couner; Thos. Camp. at the same time. bell; Francis Summitt: Eli Robinson: Ed. Clifton; J. F. Taylor; Merrill S. Goodpasture; Warren Clayton; Jarrett Monijoy; Ed. Thompson; Wm. C. Hedges; Jarvis Smith; M. Myers. Wounded-George W. Rogers; Alhert West and Wm. L. Flood, 1st Llentenant."

The St. Louis Democrat, a bitter Aboll-

trnly loyal men in Ohio.'

upon the rains of our Republic. Their civil liberty, and substitute its own will. game is now to gag and silence the people, while they proceed to destroy every vestige of liberty the people have hitherto enjoyed,

ONE COUNTRY .- To the preservation of of the dominant party. It should be careful to not permit its hatred of Republican 20,000. fanaticism, to Induce it into the adoption of any principle dangerons to the stability of the Union. Nor will it. Gibraltar stands a man. 'There is often a more potent in- continuance. The people will not willnot more firmly amid the angy waves of fluence than fluency. Thus when a pert ingly live on drugs when well; the misforyet appeal. It alone can lead the Repub- keeping silence in that very same case." lie safely through the Red Sea of war, to the Promised Land of Union .- Wayne Co. Democrat.

be a free State! - Cin. Enq.

Mr. Vallandigham.

[From the London Times, May 80.] An Administration thus toru into factlous, and reeling under the shock of great military disasters, would not seem to be in a condition to govern with the strong hand .-MAYSVILLE, THURSDAY, JUNE 25 Yet the Federal Cabinet, while evidently itself divided in opinion on the manner in tolerate discussion or criticism of its policy ont of doors. While it needs all the support of friends and the forhearance of opponents, it is again ronsing the Democratic he right wing of Grant's army, in the rear pelled to assert and defend the very first will give to the Government the benefit of enough to grant or withhold at pleasure. It must be a surprising sensation for a

and Hooker is not easily understood at 'his find himself speaking in 'a hondsman's key,' these arhitrary deeds begin to be reduced distance, if we seek to learn it from the and claiming a right to freedom of person to a system; when proclamations and orders telegraphic dispatches, which seem to us and speech, and trial hy the ordinary Courts take the place of laws all over the country; them, however, for what the reader may the city of New York would read like natural ania, the case is altered. When a doctrine Although many conflicting rumors are such elementary principles might be hailed tion. Whither are we tending? Who can afloat as to the result of the pursuit of as a progress in political life, as an awaken- tell how long civil commotions may last, Everett, it seems pretty certain that he was lng of a people to some consciousness of and, consequently, how long this doctrine hardy raid upon Maysville. After his ing from Americans only prove how fara na- any one from enlisting, must not be done skirmish with the Home Guards, heretofore tion may retrograde in a short time, unless or spoken, and every military officer is to be noticed, he rested some hours, giving time it is earnest and vigilant. They are now the judge of the effect of deeds or words. exclaiming and protesting against a depriva- This, if carried out cuts off all fresdom of ou which he fled, but soon found his way in aud allowed despotism to creep on them and matter how sulcidal and rainous a policy 7,000 men. The Eighteenth Connecticut front intercepted by a Michigan Regiment, robthem of all their political freedom while may be, if the officer includes it in what he which, however, probably mistaking his they were nucouscious of their loss. They calls the policy of the war, it must not be and, equally strange to say, opened fire on tests are so much paper, and have not saved may induce some one in hearing to desert, the advancing 10th, taking them for en- Mr. Vallandigham from being conveyed see or it may prevent some from enlisting. emies, for neately doing no execution, ex- cretly" to Fort Warren, where he is to be Yet, have not the people of this country cept to horses. The main body of Everett's imprisoned by the sentence of a military a right to condemn and change any policy

pursuit seems not to have been long continued. Col. DeConter commending the tinued, Col. DeConrcy, commanding the the fact that the Federal Government is less that this war is useless and hurtful to the Sterling. The Eagle gives the following ary measures than irritation. It is in a min- heart. If he says so he discourages enlist- cersburg, evidently reconnoitering; and perhaps he enlarged hereafter hy the names where the political existence of a govern- tingency that will come. It was a possible town. of stragglers picked up ln the mountains: ment is not gnaranteed to it in advance, one from the beginning, and shall not a "Prisoners captured June 17th, 1863: Jas. whether it proves bad or good, detested or free people say how long they will spend White, Capt. 1st Bat. Ky. Mt'd Rifles; J. S. popular, such a ministry would be swept blood and treasure? Peace is a subject up-Pittman, 1st Lieut.; W. F. McCormick, away in a week, and another installed which on which a great deal may be said. and N. Shrout, Corporal; G. W. Ellington, H. opinions that prevailed three years ago .- jority of the people, and, as they believe, county. Trains left this morning for Fred-(shot and dead); J. T. Meadows; G. N. away, and all is changed. But to displace theo say may induce some one to desert, Lyons; Z. R. Alexander; Jas. Clarke; C. A. the Government would require a political ar prevent some one from enlisting? Barnett; S. S. Moore; Nicholas Hadden, jr.; revolution, perhaps a second war, and the

The Governorship. added thousands to the party, and secured what is constitutional. The Design of the Radicals to Over- for him the nomination of Governor. The throw Free Institutions. question with the masses had reduced Itself to the one point: Shall we endorse the Ad- systematic repression of those who have a olitlon paper, in noticing the nomination of ministration in its system of arbitrary arrests, right to judge him and his acts: the former Vallandigham, makes the following threat: shall we express our opposition to the course might have interfered with the safety and 'Perhaps Vallandigham may be elected, of the Administration by placing one of its success of the army in the field. Jackson's but in that case the daily of the Govern-victims at the head of the ticket. The ment is plain. Ohio shou'd then be treated question was not whether we endorse the danger. The pretensions of Mr. Lincoln precisely as other States have been, the majority views of Mr. Vallandigham in regard to the would repress the political sentiment of the of whose people have gone off into rebellion. war, or whether we do not. The question do not was: shall we maintain a principle which of the people to canvass and pass judgment force allegiance and a Military Governor had been violated in the arrest trial, and upon the conduct of the Government that should be appointed to take control of the banishment, of Mr. Vallandigham, or wheth helongs to them. The preposterousness of State. We are well satisfied such action or we should endorse the legality and just- this pretension the President ought to see. would meet with the hearty approval of the ness of these things by refusing to nominate 'If the speeches of Vallandigham discourhim. One thing was evident, and this was aged enlistments, or would induce the in-The people will see from the above what designs some of the wicked Aholltion leaders have in view. They mean, plainly Other issues they would not listen too. - arrest? Such means defeat themselves, and enough, to set aside and hereafter prohibit This one issue had been presented by the produce tenfold the miscaief they are inpopular elections. They mean to dispense Administration in its proceedings against tended to cure. the people of any voice in the election of Mr. Vallandigham, and the people deter- If Mr. Lincoln can make orders that have their rulers. They intend to deprive them mined to accept it. However our oppo- the effect of laws, and establish military must be made before the rebel army can and use up Lee's army on the other the Conof freedom of speech and freedom of the nents may try to pervert the real issue, it commissions with the power of judicial tri- give battle. press. They mean to convert this Republic will not answer. The issue, and the only hunals, without any grant of power in the Into a milltary despotism where the word issue accepted by the Democracy is: Constitution' may not others conclude that 20th, in the Inquirer, says it is not believed and water their horses in the Deleware, rout of the despot is to be the law of the land. Whether the Constitution and Laws are su-They intend to be Dukes, Counts and Mar- preme, or whether the Administration has If Mr. Lincoln can set aside State Constituquises of a new monarchy, to be established the power to set aisde these safeguards of tions and laws by proclamations may not are steadily advancing eastward, and will

Erie (O.) News. THE TROUBLE WITH THE INDIANS.-In orand reduce them to a condition worse than dinary times public attention would be that of the slaves of Russia! But we think highly excited hy the intelligence from that the people of Ohio are wide awake (in Minnesots. The operations there are on a every respect) to their devilish scheme .- much larger scale than is generally supposed. They will alect Mr. Vallandigham, in order Gen. Sibley's command, which is moving to protect personal rights and liberties. He from Fort Snelling against the Sioux Inwill, in that event, he inaugurated and in- dians, includes three full regiments of inducted into office, and the people will main- fantry, a regiment of mounted rangers, and of Government. War is a sacrifice of our the whole rebel force this side of the Poto- he be found guilty without accusers and tain their freedom. Ohio will continue to a battery of artillery. There are 5,000 Sioux Indians encamped near Devil's Lake, under the command of Little Crow-2,000 cease, but when will the war cease with of whom are armed with muskets, and the these practices? The people will resort to is believed to be in strong force. the unity of the Republic, the Democratic balance with clubs, spears, howa and arrows. the old paths when peace comes. Because party is pledged. It must not be driven The Chippewa tribe lu Minnesota are also, from its patriotic stronghold by the assaults hostile to us, and a very bad spirit prevalls not live on it when well; but when will

New York and New Jersey.

The Washington Administration and The President's Vallandigham Letter-

Its Extraordinary Doctrines.
[From the Louisville Democrat-]
We publish the correspondence between United States. The latter writes with apparent frankness, and makes the most ingenious showing that his canse is suscepti- Edwards' Ferry. ble of. He assumes to apply a principle that we shall not controvert, without limit: which the war has been conducted, will not and because it is not easy to define the exact limits of its application, it is extended Indefinitely.

General Jackson did substitute his own discretion for law in New Orleans when the place was besieged, and the safety of New Mr. Vallandigham hy a military Commis- the same in New Orleans at the first transsion, for a speech that might have been left piring of the Burr conspiracy, for that city Thoroughfare Gap to Manassas. The Crlunnoticed with perfect safety, has raised a was the headquarters of the conspirators. further than criticism of General and camp. General has thesame exercise that the homaigns. From inquiry how the Federal Gov-licide has. He can plead the necessity of ernment was fighting the South, the quest self-defense, and the country will justify tion is turned into denunciations of the man- him. When the danger is immediate, and ner ln which it is governing the North .- the remedy admits of no delay, the General The Democrat party has accepted the war as commanding must exercise his hest judga necessity, but it is not prepared to sacrifice ment. There may he cases where there is to it every personal and political right; and difference of opinion which may be honestly we find a hody of American citizens com- entertained; and, iu such cases, the patriot principles of their Constitution, precisely as doubt in the hour of peril. Some Irreguf they were Poles or Prussians claiming larities, some injustice, some wrongs in something that their Government is strong times like these will occur and we are not disposed to cavil at such cases.

But no principle can reach such acts as freehorn native of the Western continent to have occurred not unfrequently; and when for legally defined offenses. The protests of when men are arhitrarily arrested in Ohio, the great public meeting held at Albany and in because there is an insurrection in Louisiexpressions of feeling had they reached us from is promulgated that annihilates the freedom Berlin or Warsaw. From these centers of ef speech, and of the press, ln the discussion despotism and military rule, claims based on of a vital interest, it is a matter of reflechaving rights, and strength enough to de- may be continued? Whatever may induce mand them. But such remonstrances, com- any one to desert from the army, or prevent tion of liberty as if they had gone to sleep discussion and freedom of action. No wake and find it gone, nor is it quite certain | condemned; for the condemnation may inthey will get it back for asking. The pro- duce some one in hearing to desert, or it

tribunal, confirmed by General Burnside, till of war that to them appears spicidal, not at all adapted to the end? Millions being All this is perfectly Russian. The mili- judges, the party in power, by their acts Capt. White, formerly of this (Mason) conn- tary trial for an expression of opinion, the and words, have done more to produce disty, a great many led horses, and a consider- sentence confirmed by the General com- sensions and prevent enlistments than all able amount of plunder. Of the killed and fortress for a term undefined, is the rule of deed, were it not that things were done to wounded on either side, we have no definite Poland, transferred to the last country on he discussions information, though one account, not all im- the face of the earth where it would have would have taken place, or they would probable, reports six rehels killed. The seemed possible to enforce such unqualified have been harmless if they had taken place.

> Suppose a man is thoroughly convinced would represent the feeling of the time .- plausibly said. The present programme of M. and drove the Rebels out. It is he-The Federal Government represents the this war, they say, is distasteful to a ma- lieved there are no Rebels in Frederick

Suppose these opinions are erroneous, are L. N. Kinney; E. Pergram; J. E. Bellville; North can not fight with itself and the South they to be suppressed lest they do some harm? As well tell us a man must not eat are advancing in force on Cham hershorg." food or drink water, or breathe the air. lest he be affected by some poisonons substance. The nomination of Hon. C. L. Vallandig- In short this principle carried out to the excitement exists there. Rebels reported ham by the Democratic party was not an extent indicated, silences all discussion, and at Uniontown, forty miles. Business enunexpected result. Whatever may have extingulshes the liberties of the country, at tirely suspended. We still hold Cham hersbeen his chances prior to his arrest we are the arbitrary discretion of men often least anable to say; but one thing is certain, it calculated to judge what is wise, much less

> The instance mentioned by the President question with the masses had reduced Itself does not cover his practice; the latter is a hy not nominating Mr. Vallandigham, or only repressed the efforts of those who

the people of the States conclude that they not stop before they reach Monocacy Juncmay rise above the Constitution and laws of the Federal Government?

The doctrine comes to this, in fact, that in war we have no Constitution and no law hat the will of the Commander-in-chief of the Army and Navy; that the Constitution itself in times of trouble allows the suspension of its own provisions, and, in fact, Government.

When war ceases, these practices are to they take medicine when sick, they will Talk is not the only valuable thing about these practices creates the necessity for their further in this direction. the same plea of necessity.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Washington, June 21 .- Indications are Corning and others and the President of the that the real designs of the rebels are to attack Washington from Maryland, and to cross the Potomac between Washington and

> Refugees and deserters say that Longstreet is near Leesburg, and designs attacking it, and cross at Edwards' Ferry If successful.

> Ewell's corps has crossed at Williamsport In full force, and contemplates moving down between Baltlmore and Washington. to co-operate with any force succeeding in crossing this side of Harper's Ferry.

It is claimed that Lee is waiting for an opportunity to come through Aldie and sis la yet to come in this Capital.

Late Southern News.

FORTRESS MONROE, June 21 .- The flag of truce steamer Teconic arrived this morning from City Point, with four rebel officers, as the rebels refused to exchange our officers for them.

The following extracts are taken from Richmond papers:

OSYKA, June 16 .- A desperate fight took place on the 12th at Port Hudson. The them from their fortifications, but the situation at Vicksburg still engrosses all the solicitation of the country. Heavy reinforce-ments are pouring in to Grant, and large installments from the command of Rosecrans have been transferred to the great army investing Vickshurg. Whether Johnston has at the last hour been invested with anthority timore. Most of the movable property, to concentrate the troops of the West, is the | that could be turned to Rebel account, was anxious topic of inquiry and the vital ques- removed before the place was occupied. tion of the crisis.'

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC)

June 21, 1863. There has been no engagement with any portion of Hooker's army, except cavalry kirmishes and reconnoissances daily, with advantage uniformly in our favor. The alarm in the North is entirely causeless. No enemy on or near Bull Run.

Details of the Winchester Battle. New York, June 22 .- The details of the and Fifth Maryland were captured almost entiro. The former was over nine hundred strong, of whom only thirty-three are all it can now muster. We lost three full batterjes of field artillery, all the slege gnna on the Star Fort and main fort, 6,000 muskets, two hundred and eighty wagons, &c.

Of the seven thensand engaged, sixteen hundred reached Maryland Hights, and escaped to Hancock and Cumberland, Md.

were received, seventeen hundred more of General Milroy's command have arrived st Bloody Run, Penn.; and to-day we hear of the safety of four hundred more.

Special dispatches to the Philadelphia Inquirer report the rehels advancing on Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, with 40,000 men and forces erowding the enemy on the right, left eighteen pieces of artillery. A large force and center. The field was strewn with dead of rebels is also approaching London Tele- and wounded rebels. Brigade, marching his forces back to Mount likely to produce terror by such extraordin- cause of Union, which he has seriously at graph Station, from the direction of Merority now, and the majority against it is in- ments, perhaps: or an officer may think so: a scout reports the rebel artiliery planted list of rebel prisoners captured, which may creasing like a rising tide. In any country yet a cessation of hostilities may be a concreasing like a rising tide. In any country

> BALTIMORE, June 22. A body of cavalry belonging to Couch's command entered Frederick yesterday P.

PHILADELPHIA, June 23. The Philadelphia Inquirer has the following on the bulletln hoard. "A dispatch was received this morning that the Rebels

HARRISBERG, June 23. News from Pittshurg shows that great

Louisville, June 22.—News reached headquarters to day that Jno. Morgan, with 5,000 men, crossed the Cumherland River, near Carthage, last night.

Passengers report considerable excitement at Gallatin, they having heard a report of 5,000 rehels advancing on that place. Preparations are being made to defend it.

New York, June 22.—The steamer diste issue. It is best for all sides that it Locust Point, from New Orleans 15th, ar- should be so. This war has dragged on rived to night, with papers containing no about long enough. nows what ever. The purser reports that nothing had been received from Port Hud- detormined and decisive, and that it will son, except that fighting still continued not be spoiled by a premature recoil. If there, no one knowing the results.

his army so that his left wing rests in Maryland, and to get supplies he has invaded Pennsylvania. Hooker has pushed his hurg, may be so managed as practically to army up so that his right wing rests on end the War. If we can now take Vicks-Poolsville. The advance into Maryland hurg and Port Hudson on the one hand,

A Frederick (Maryland) letter of the ed into Maryland and Pennsylvania. They tion, where they will be in a position to unite with Lee near Point of Rocks, in the vicinity of Noland's Ford, where he may cross. Maryland Hights will thus he completely invested.

Rebels Advancing on Harrisburg. HARRISBURG, June 22 .- From all the iuwith cavalry, infantry and artillery, and

The troops at Chambersburg are under

the sea, than the Democracy upon the rock young barrister once boasted to a member of the six, they don't willingly take such tion received at the American office is that he be innocent, he can have his remedy in of the Union, around which the angry bilthe bar that he had received twenty guineas drugs now; but those who try on administ the rebel forces at Frederick and in the vithe Courts against his accusers. If guilty lows of human passion are breaking furi- for speaking in a certain lawsuit, the other tering thom find the necessity of continuing cinity is only a small sconting party; that there is neither any reason why the people cinity is only a small sconting party; that ously... To the Democracy the country must replied: "I received double that sum for the practice. No man takes this military there are not more than 7,000 or 8,000 re- should refrain from accusing him, nor why medicine now, and no one ever will; hut hels in Maryland; that there has been as yet they should be restrained from reprehendthe necessity once beginning these arbitrary no engagement or demonstration made at ling him nor why he should not be subjectmunication with that point,

PHILADELPHIA, Jone 22. The Washington Star of this evening conains the following special telegram:

Monocacy Junotion, June 22. The Rebels have certainly destroyed every Baltimore and Ohio Railroad bridge from Harper's Ferry to Cumberland, a distance of quite seventy miles, thus inflicting yery heavy damage on the road. This they have done within the last thirty six hours. Gen. Kelly came up with them this morning at Cumberland, and drove them out of that town, it is supposed in this direction. His movements have been very prompt and, so far, successful, as he has doubtless put a stop to their westward progress along the railroad line of their career of devastation.

The reported heavy firing, supposed to be in the direction of Aldie, was heard during the morning hy workmen on the roof of the Treasury building.

MONOCACY, June 22. I have just returned from Maryland Hights. The place is strongly defended. -No Rehels have yet appeared. From the immediate anthorities I have learned that the nearest Rebels are at Little Antietam, ahout six miles from Harper's Ferry. Their force at that point is not large.

HARRISBURG, June 22.

There is now no doubt that the enemy is Coufederates charged the enemy and drove fortifying Hagerstown. They hold the country between Hagerstown and Williamsport with at least one corps-probably Ewell's. Millerstown, eight miles from own curing, still remaining for select use. Gettysburg, has been occupied to-day by a force of Rehel troopers 2,000 streng. This points to a movement on the Northern Central Road, for the purpose of isolating Bal-

They will have to fight for possession of the Northern Central Railroad. Communication with Chambershurg resumed. Gen. Lee believed to have been baffled in his main object-the capture of Washington. The progress of the campaign is watched with intense anxiety. The enemy reoccupied Greencastle after a skirmish with our rates. cavalry. No further particulars from Gen. Couch has been received; no report of casualties. Troops continue to be concentrated and organized at this point.

HARRISBURG, June 22. Matters are rapidly approaching a crisis Great secrecy governs all public actions. It would be imprudent to publish what is trans piring, especially as important results are to he determined in the next few hours. The Rebels are advancing in force upon Greencastle, with infantry, art.llery and cavalry.

Washington, June 22.—The extra Republican, of to-day, says at seven o'clock yeslerday morning, under orders from General probably three or four hundred more have Hooker, our cavalry and artillery attacked the rebel cavalry and astillery force, under Since the dates containing the foregoing Stuart, at Aldie. The fight opened with great spirit on both sides.

The onslaught of our men was promptly met, and from the information received neither side gained much for several hours when the rebels began to give way. For hours afterward it was a running fight, our

NEW YORK, June 23. A New Orleans correspondence, per steamer Locust Point, states that siege hatteries have been opened on Port Hudson. and a continuous rain of shot and shell are boing poured into the enemy's works. Several huildings, supposed to contain commissary stores, were destroyed, and the Rehels are known to be suffering some in killed and wounded.

An expedition had driven away the force of Rehels collected at Clinton. Deserters coming into our lines report the Rehel strength at least 10,000-well clothed, but suffering for food. Twenty-five or thirty of our men are daily added to the killed and wounded by the enemy's sharpshooters. Capt. Hart, of Gunboot Albatross, committed suicide by blowing out his brains with a pistol, while in a state of insanity from

The destruction of the bark Texana, as well as the Launox, by the captured tng Boston is confirmed.

The New York Tribune on the War. The New York Tribune, in an article up on the rebel invasion of Pennsylvania, says "Now, we trust all is as it seems-that Lee has quistly gathered and holds in hand a veteran army one hundred thousand strong, and is pushing it across the Potomac with intent to bring the contest to an imme-

"We trust this invasion is meant to be the rehels are indeed our masters, let them A Baltimore letter of the 21st, in the prove it and let us own it. If they are Philadelphia Press, says Lee has pushed up not, let us make them acknowledge the corn. We hope this demonstration, together with that of General Grant on Vicksfederacy will be pretty nearly played out: If, on the other hand, the rebels beat Grant ing the forces we can bring against them, we shall be under foot, and may as well own

A QUESTION .- The Dubuque Herald

If it he treason, or anything like it, to

question the administrative acts of the President of the United States, why does the Constitution provide that the President may be impeached, and if found guilty dismissed from office? How could he be impeached If no one had the right to question a change in the whole form and substance formation obtained here, it is helieved that the impropriety of his acts, and how could mao is advancing in this direction. The witnesses as well as judges to try and conenemy occupied Greencastle at noon to-day, demn him. The right of arraigning the President for alleged offences is as perfect in the people as the right of the President to hold his office and exercise its functions. General Knipe. The outposts of our forces up the valley will fall back to the main ar- before those of their public servants, and among all the red men in the State—some they get well? Unfortunately, history my, if closely pressed by large forces of the will exist after them to the end of time. does not assure us that under such regimen enemy. Every preparation it being made If the complaints of the people be merely a people ever recover. The existence of to meet them, should they decide to move captious, they cannot injure the incumbent of the Presidency. If well founded the President has no just claim to he exempt BALTIMORE, June 22.—All the informs- from the consequences of his evil deeds. If The only free States in the Union are practices, these propagate themselves upon Harper's Ferry, and that we still hold com- ed to the legal punishment and the public opprobium due to his crime.

OLD STAND ON WALL STREET.

GROCERIES, OLD BOURBON, LIQUORS

OLD AND NEW HAMS. COUNTRY PRODUCE AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF FAMILY AND BU. SINESS CONSUMPTIONS FOR CITY

AND COUNTRY!!

A T MY OLD AND COMMISSION Stand, embracing two large and elegant three story stores on Wall Street, I continue to carry on, with increased stock and facilities, my long established business of furnishing Families in City and County, Farmers, Merchant and all the carry of the assertial commodities. in City and County, Farmers, Merchant and all others, most of the essential commodities consumed in life, all which I am selling at the most favorable rates for each or such country produce as suits the market. Thankful for the liberal patronage so long extended to me in the past, and which has enabled me to offer greater advantages to customers bereafter. I respect. nducements to customers bereafter. I respectully solicit a continuance of their favors. Below will be found advertisements of a few ef my pecialities; but it would take up a whole newspaper to enummerate all the commodities of general necessity which I habitually keep on hand. No one can examine my stock and go away unsuited as to quality and price.

ALEX. MADDOX.
Old Stand on Wall Street Maysville, July 17

OLD HAMS.—200 two year old can-vassed of a lot of some thousand of my ALEX. MADDOX.

TEW HAMS.-500 canvassed Hams of my last year's curing, sweet, sound, juicy and of unrivalled flavor. ALEX. MADDOX.

CHOICE IMPORTED FRENCH BRAN.
DY-I have bought out John A. Coburn's stock of choice Brandy selected by himself in France, a superb article for Druggists and Families, very old.

ALEX. MADDOX.

STORAGE AND COMMISSION -- Goodand Produce for storage or sale always received on consignment on the most moderate rates.

ALEX. MADDOX.

OLD BOURBON.—50 Brls. choice Bours bon Whiskey very old. pure, highly flavored and oily.

ALEX. MADDUX.

BOURBON WHISKY.—A large stock of pure copper distilled Whisky, from one to four years old, always kept on hand for sale low by Brl or gallon. ALEX. MADDOX

COMMON WHISKY. — An abundant rates, always on hand. ALEX. MADDOX.

FAMILY FLOUR.—The choicest brands always kept ALEX. MADDOX. ORN MEAL.—From picked fliut gralu and carefully milled, ever on hard.
ALEX. MADDOX.

SUGARS-Choicest Brown and White Sugars always on hand. ALEX. MADDOX.

OFFEE.—The choicest descriptions always kept in full supply.
ALEX. MADDOX. NEAS-Green and Black of all the hest

ALEX MADDOX. ISH — Mackerel, Salmon, Herring, Sardines, Lake and other fish ALEX MADDOX

ORN IN THE EAR-Selected sound Corn in the ear always on hand ALEX. MADDOX.

ORDAGE—Hemp and Manilla ropes of all sizes from a plough line to a ships cable always on hand.

ALEX MADDOX always on hand. OAKUM—Choice prepared always on A. MADDOX

A. MADDOX BLOCK AND TACKLE—An assortment embracing all sizes of superior construction ALEX. MADDOX.

CHEESE-The most select brands of rich, pure, bluegrass cheese. ALEX. MADDOX

CTONE WARE-Every kind of vessels of the best manufactured earthern ware.
ALEX. MADDOX

SALT—Best Kanawha and Ohio River Salt by the Brl. and Table Salt by the bag. A. MADDOX CANDLES—Choice brands of Star and Tallow candles, adapted to all seasons. ALEX. MADDOX

DRIED FRUITS-Raisins, Apples and Peaches constantly on hand of the best ALEX MADDOX.

CIDER VINEGAR—The purest Cider Vinegar specially manufactured from the best orchards expressly for my select customers.

ALEX MADDOX.

RYE-Selected grain specially cleaned as a substitute for Coffee. ALEX MADDOX HARCOAL-Always in full supply

ALEX MADDOX SOAPS-The best manufactured German, Rosin, country-made, for washing clothes, serubbing, &c., and choice toilet and performed varieties ALEX. MADDOX

OAL OIL—The hest Coal Oil for lamps ALEX. MADDOX

GOOD NEWS FOR THE PEOPLE:

PROMPTNESS MY MUTTO! SATISFACTION MY AIM!

GEO. W. TUDOR, MAYSVILLE, - - - KENTUCKY. WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM

his friends and the public, that he has just received another large lot of STOV S, HOLLOW WARE, &C.

I also keep constantly on hand, and MANU FACTURE to ORDER, all articles in the line of

TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE. JOBBING IN THIS LINE DONE WITH NEAT-

NESS AND DISPATCH.

Please call and examine Goods and Prices I am confident that I can give entire satisfac. tion to all who may favor me with their patronage. I am also selling any of the above Goods Lower than any other house in Maysville. GEO. W. TUDOR,

arkat St., bet. 2nd & 3rd Sts., next door to William Watkins. Maysvine, June 19 1862-1y

POCKET BOOKS! OF many kinds and styles, for sale by SEATON & BRODRICK, Cor. 2d & Court Sts.

POSTAL CURRENCY! MAGIC BOOKS for above, also some new styles—very convenient—at the NEW DRUG STORE, Cor. 2d & Court Sts.

Persons wishing the Bulletin, must pay for it in advance. We are compelled who has just left Hooker's headquarters, to'adopt this course in instice to ourselves. Our terms are only One Dollar per year.

On last Monday, Harrison Taylor and Lucien Lidttrell, Esqrs, were nominated by a Convention of the Union party as their Cincinnati Commercial writes. candidates to represent Mason county in the nekt Legislature.

OTA negro man, belonging to Mr. Chancellor, of this county, had his leg broken last Monday morning, hy being thrown from

The Examination Exercises of Miss PARKE's School commenced on yesterday morning, and will he continued to-day .-To-morrow will be held the usual Commencement Exercises of the Graduating Clasa. We defer a more extended notice of the Examination until next week.

The Anniversary Exercises of the Maysville Female Institute will occur this even ing, at the Court Honse, when an admission fee of twenty-five cents will be charged .-This is done at the lostance of the patrona and friends of the schoool; and the proceeds will be devoted to charitable purposes.

The Pittsburg Chronicle of Saturday evenlng says the Smokey city's defences:

The number of men at work on the fertifications yesterday, as appears by the returns made to the Committee of Safety, was six thousand eight hundred and six. A still larger force employed to-day, and if the weather but holds good, an immense amount of work will he accomplished before night.

Examination.

week, will commence at 9 o'clock each morning. Committee on Examination.

Rev. G. W. Coons, Dr. M. F. Adamson. Rev. B. F. Sedwick, H. Taylor, E-q. Hon. W. H. Wadsworth, Dr. John Shackleford. Judge E. C. Phister, Judge E. Whitaker. Col. T. B. Stevenson. James Barbour, Esq. Col. T. J. Throop, G. W. Blatterman. W. W. RICHESON, PRINCIPAL.

Religious Service.

The Right Rev. GEORGE A. CARRELL, D. D., Bishop of Covington, will admin ister the 'Sacrament of Coufirmation, and preach in St. Patrick's Church next Sunday at 101/2 o'clock. A. M. He will also deliver a Lecture at 7 in the evening

Don't forget that T. A. MATTHEWS' he may choose." offers for sale to-usy (Thursday) his fine Greely Sound on the Freedom of the farm, containing 287 acres, situated on the Flemlingsburg pike and convenient to this

Fornando Wood went to Washington to at Niblo's Saloon; in New York: rent a honse for his congressional term and he

manufactured in the city of Detroit of chewing is muzzled, it must be freed, even at the cost and smoking tobacco not less than 4,000.000 of humau blood; but wherever if is free, I hold pounds: the proceed of sales, including cigars, could not have been under \$2,000,000; the laberers employed directly or indirectly in this righteousness and peace." department of business were as many as one thousand or twelve hundred.

Coal is selling at thirty cents in Lonisville, and fears are apprehended of an advance. The supply there is stated to be quite limited,

PEMBERTON. - A recent number of the Richmond Whig has a sharp paragraph upon Pemberton's management in allowing Grant to capture Jackson, the capital of Mississippi, which, it says, "the Yank ces plundered to the amount of \$10,000,000.

We attended the Examination of the pupils of the Male Department of the Maysville Institute, during Monday and Toes- soothed instead of increased by unwise and day of this week, and were gratified to observe that the exercises were conducted in a manner that reflected credit npon preceptor and scholars. It was evident to all that the the privilege without a struggle." young men of this Institute had labored hard and successfully to maintain the fine reputation of their Alma Mater.

Literary Society was held on Tnesday even. ing, in the presence of a large and delighted audience. The exercises consisted of original Declamation, interspersed with Music.

The largest railway carriage factory in the world is said to be at Berlin, Prussia. It against whom the snit is brought are Edemploya 1,500 men, and turns out carriages to ward W Hawkins, Nathaniel B. Shaler, the value of nearly \$1,500,000 per aunnm.

The Pension Office at Washington, has recorded 19,000 applications of wives made widows by this war.

About 8,000 soldiers (rebel and Federal) have died in the hospitals in Louisville since the breaking ont of the rehellion. Vallandigham has run the blockade from

Wilmington. He is going to Nassau and thence to Canada. Leo's headquarters are near the old Bull

Rnn battle-field; his army extends in a semiat any moment for battle.

his army has been so placed as merely to proteet Hamilton & Carlisle' of Covington, to pros-Washington and Ealtimore.

-The gunboat Essex is reported captured by the rebels at Port Hudson. The gnuboat Orizaba is reported by the rebels on a bar four miles below Natchez.

will probably prove a sovereign cure for that borhood of a large rebel force, before the times.

| July | Cin. Eng. | July | Cin. Eng. | fell disease known as "cotton on the brain." | close of July. - Cin. Enq.

The Nineteenth U.S. Regulars went into battle at Vicksburg with 200 men, and came out with 80 men.

ment of the reporter of New York Tribune, miles from Washington.—Cin. Enq., 22d.

JEFF DAVIS' PLANTATION PILLAGED .-The Murfreesboro' correspondent of the

A body of Federals are reported to have pillaged the plantations of Jeff Davis and his brother Joe, destroying every implement of husbandry and all the honsehold and kitchen fornitore, defacing the buildings, and driving off every negro on the es-

The Washington correspondent of Cuicago Times writes:

The news of the nomination of Mr. did not believe such a thing could be poss- their country's honor and welfare. we have a Government.

Seward recommend s milder, more moder-The exercises at the Maysville Seminary next ate and far wiser course. They recom- the latter; setting themselves up to the admend that no further notice be taken of Mr. miration of the world as patriots! Vallandigham, that no obstacles be placed in the way of his return to Ohio, and that his perate aymptom of a people rushing to ruin. friends he informed, unofficially, but hy persons in authority, that he will not he molested if he returns to that State. It is hine to keep each other in countenance .prohable, I think, that the President will this city, they will be publicly informed own testimony, elevates itself to a virtue .but they will be privately assured by memhers of the Administration that that gentleman will he allowed to come North again and re enter the "loyal States' by any route have promulged an order against books Henses in the East, and the fact of our pur-

Press.

On the 17th of January, 1859, Mr. Hor-

"Given a free press, I hold that there did it-a \$4,500 one; the Lee mansion on II can he no need of wars, insurrections, or free press and an educated people are to-Tobacco Trade in Detroit.—The Adverti- gether too mighty for despois, unjust judges Administration' to maintain, and which as it will embrace a greater variety of goods than ser says that during the year 1862 there were and corruption in office. Where the presa it strong enough to overcome all public evils and abuses, and secure the sway of

> A Hard Hit at Presideut Lincoln Over the Shoulders of the King of Prussia.

The Now York Herald is famous for its political adroitness. In its last issue it thus hits President Lincoln over the shoulders of the King of Prussia. It says.

"THE LIBERTY OF THE PRESS IN PRUSSIA. "The King of Prussia has, we see, issued still another unconstitutional decree interfering with the liberty of the press. These errors so obstinately persisted in by the King, will cause the greatest trritation to the people, already inflamed to anger by former harsh and nowise measures enacted by their sovereign. The Prussians are in a revolutionary state, which should be rigorous steps on the part of the Government. The Prussian monarch will find, to his cost, that people who have once enjoyed the henefit of a free press rarely give up

THE QUESTION OF PERSONAL LIBERTY TO BE TESTEDIN THE KENTUCKY COURTS .- We understand that J. R. Hallam, E-q., has The Fourth Anniversary of the Maysville brought a suit in the Kenton Circuit Court against the parties named below, for the purpose of testing the question whether there is law in Kentucky to protect the citizen in his personal liberty, and although there have been suggestions of compromise, we learn thus he will ahide by the determination of the Courts. The parlies Wm. H. Lape, Wm. N. Thompson, Wm. B. Smlth, Frank Clark and Henry C Gassaway. The charge is for false imprisonment, and the damages are Isid at \$30,000. Plaintiff alleges that the parties named, did, in the month of July 1862, unlawfully, reasonable or probable cause, conspire together to procure his arrest and imprisonment: and further, that the parties did, on the 18th of July, 1862, withou; any reasonable or probable canse whatever, and without any warrant, or other judicial anthority. assault, heat, arrest and falsely imprison him four moths in Camp Chase, Ohio, where circle in front of our works, and can be massed by he was greatly damaged in his person, reputation and husiness. Mr. Hallam has General Hooker has so decided to fight, and employed Stevenson & Myers, and Carlisle, ecute his suit.

Cincinnati and Its Defenses. We are ignorant of the character of the Shingles, on commission and for sale cheap. defeuses upon which the protection of Cincinnati depends. We are told they are am. ple. But one thing we do know: the citi-GOVERNMENT COTTON SALES .- The Govern- themselves are not in the condition they ment has finally determined on one feature of should be in, to do their part in repelling an its cotton policy. Sales of this important eta- invasion, which we helieve is not far disple will hereafter be made by public ontery, in tant. We have had some experience in the the city of Memphia, twice a month—on the confusion attendant upon a sudden apprehension of danger, and we do not desire to take place on the 15th day of this mouth.— see the like again. We have no advice to take place on the 15th day of this month.— give in the premises, because there are those These sales will be under the general direction baving the matter in charge who are emiof the Supervising Special Agent of the Treas- nently capable for the task. We wish simury Department (Mr. Mellon), and while they ply to say that onr citizens may make up afford opportunities for honorable competitions their minds to an advance into this neigh-

the surprise and rout of Gen. Milroy and his forces, say that we lost seven thousand prisoners. That was one of the most con-The most important item in our tele- snrable of all our disasters. The negligraphic column this morning is the state- gence of Gen. Milroy must have been almost criminal to have allowed himself to he surprised in that way. Ten of his regithat Lee has attacked and defeated that ments are knuwn to he missing, and nothportion of our army which is at Centerville, ing is known of their whereahouts. He lost near the old Bull Run hattle-field, about 20 all his haggage-train and artillery, and, from all appearances, he and his staff did not stop running until they got to Baltlmore.-Cin. Enquirer.

Safe Patriotism.

'In a hot summer, when there is the most thirst, there are the fewest brooks: so of many people's charities—they are rarest

when most needed.'-Exchange. And so with many people's patriotism-lt is the most demonstrative when there is the least danger. The people who have gone to The Vallandigham Case in Cabinet --- the war, and in Sonthern territory, usually Discussions Upon it-Divisions of say very little of their love of country. It Is those who don't go, who don't expect to the go, who won't go, who can't under any cir-cumstances he made to go, that hoil over and spread themselves around, and astonish Vallandigham for Governor of Ohio comes the rest of mankind with the sublimity and like a stunner on the Administration. They fervor of their self-sacrificing devotion to

ible; and they are in a quandary about it, The world will hye and bye laugh and for they know not what to do. Stanton is sneer, and ridicule and be astonished at the for war to the hitter end. If his counsels more than sublime impudence of those who, and those of Senator Sumner prevail, the while they insist that the war must be Administration will not only not recede prosecuted until the last man and the last from the position it has taken, but will even dollar is expended, keep themselves snugly arrest Mr. Vallandigham again when he re- out of harm's wav, enjoying fat contracts turns to Ohio, and incarcerate him in Fort and comfortable offices, and yet belie and Warren, in accordance with Burnside's shuse and charge with treason those who original sentence. And this they will do, believe the war to be wrong and are in favor if it requires all the military force in Burn- of peace. Who is the knave, the man who side's military department, and if the col- bellows at street corners, cabals in secret lision that ensues is attended with much meetings or figures in conventions to prove bloodshed. Stanton and Sumner take the his patriotism and get himself into officeground that the Government has the power who insists that war shall be eterual, but to do this, and that its honor requires that takes excellent care to avoid its dangers; or It shall be done, and that the decree of the the man who, not believing the war to be President hanishing Vallandigham must be productive of good, fails to howl for its conenforced. We must show, they say, that linuance? And yet, with an impudence to which brass offers no adequate comparison, "On the other hand, Mr. Chase and Mr. the former class take it upon themselves not only to abuse, but to threaten and persecute DRY GOODS STORE!

There is among us an ominous and des-There is a mutual admiration of shams -Shams and demagogues and peculators com-The man who makes the most money is the adopt the latter course. It is not unlikely loudest patriot. The cohesive force of pubthat, when the committee of twenty reach lic plunder creates a force which, by its PLE. that the President declines to accede to To grow rich out of the Government is taken their request to release Mr. Vallandigham, as a proof of merit; and the greatest swindler Is the highest in dignity. - Cin. Enquirer.

The firm of Burnside and Richmond which contains 'disloyal sentiments.' This chases being made for "Cash," together with order is perhaps more comprehensive than the makers were aware of. It will (Black ace Greely, editor of the New York Tribune, tament, because it contains the Sermon on disloyal sentiments) exclude the New Tesgave ulterance to the following sentiments the Mount. It will exclude every history of England and of the United States-ever volume of the Common Law, and of American Constitutional taw. There is nothing the rule of Vigilance Committee; that a clearer than this: for they are all replete tend to bring it into disrepute. The order will extend to other branches of literature, as witness the following from Wordsworth. which, of course, cannot be "tolerated in HATS AND CAPS this department," for it reads like the prophetic vision of Democratic victory. Nothing could be more "disloyal in sentiment:"

"Lal the dread Bastile, Dith all the chambers of its horrid towers, Fell to the ground, by violence o'erthrown Ofindignation; and with shouts that drowned The crash lt made in falling! From the wreck A golden pulace rose, or seemed to rise; The uppointed seat of equitable law And mild paternal sway. The potent snock I felt; the transformation I perceived, And murvelously seized, as in that moment

When from the blind mist issuing I beheld Glory - beyond all glory ever seen— Confusion infinite of heaven and earth Dazzling the soul. Meanwhile prophetic harps In ever grove were ringing: WAR SHALL CEASE! DID TE NOT HEAR THAT CONQUEST IS ABJURED? Bring garlands, bring forth choicest flowers to

Tho tree of Liberty." Let the book be suppressed.—Logan (O.)

There is no doubt that secret, odious oath-bound societies are being organized all MHE UNDERSIGNED WOULD REover Ohio, under the plausible name of | apectfully inform the Public that they 'Loyal Leagues,' but which are in fact disunion associations.

Read the following from the Hon. Morris Morris, formerly Auditor of the State of

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept 2, 1857. DR. C. W. ROBACK .- Dear Sir: Having been troubled for several years with extreme debility and weakness, so much, so that I was nuable to attend to my ordinary business at times, and having heard of the wonderful cures that your Scandinavian Blood Purifier and Pills were effecting, I was induced by a friend to try them. I have been using the Purifier for the last wickedly and maliciously, and without any twelve months, and find the medicine fully equal to its recommendations. So valuable is its use to me, that I can not now dispense with the use of it at my advanced age of

life-seventy-seven years. I cheerfully give this information for the henefit of those similarly affected.

MORRIS MORRIS.

Yours, truly,

See advertisement. SHAVED & SAWED PINE SHINGLES JUS! Received direct from Cincinnati a choice lot of Shaved and Sawed Pine CHARLES PHISTER.

Maysville, June 25, 1868. SEASONED DRESSED FLOORING AND SASH!!!

JUST Received from Pittsburg, a nice ar-ticle of well seasoned Dressed Flooring and Sash, for sale on commission. jnne 25, 1868. CHARLES PHISTER.

WHITE PINE LATHS!!! TUST Received from Cincinnati on commission a large lot of Laths. inne 25, 1363. CHARLES PHISTER.

UMBER of all kinds constantly on hand, on commission, prices to snit the wartimes.

CHARLES PHISTER.

MILBOY'S Loss. - The rebel accounts of Sewing Machine for Sale.

Have a No. 1 Ladd & Webster Sewing Machine, in fine ronning order that I will sell at a reduced price.

CHAS. WHITE Boot & Shoe Store.

The Kentucky Harvester. Having had large orders for the celebra-ted Reaping and Mowing Machine, all be-ing sold but one. Those not supplied would do well to call early and secure that. For Sale by. jone 25, 1868. JNO. H. RICHESON.

Cider Mill

have for sale a splended Cider Mill, also Mills for pressing Native Wine. For sale by june 25.

JNO. H. RICHESON.

Oils.

ard Oil; Lubricating Oil; Pure Burning Coal Oil and wagon axle Grease, For sale low for cash by, JOHN H. RICHESON. GLASS FRUIT JARS!

all kinds and aizes at SEATON & BRODRICK. Corner 2nd and Conrt Sts.

paned Tops, of all sizes at SEATON & BRODRICK, Corner 2nd and Court Sts.

TALL AND SQUAT JARS, with Ja-

CEALING WAX & CORKS, for Fruit Cans, Jars, Jugs, &c. For Sale by SEATON & BRODRICK.

MACHINE OIL OF OF VARIOUS kinds, for sale by SEATON & BRODERICK.

MULLINS & HUNT'S

NEW

WHOLESALE

THE SUBSCRIBERS, LONG ESTAB LISHED in a large retail Dry Goods business in Mayaville, would call the attention of Conntry Mcrchants to their recent addition of an extensive Wholesale Department; which will be eonducted on a STRICTLY CASH PRINCI-

The many years of experience possessed by onr bnyer, combined with a perfect knowledge of the Kentncky trade, a thorough acquaintanceship with all the Mannfacturing and Importing firm determination to sell at a mere commission Republicans heing the judges of what are advance on Eastern Cost, will be sufficient gnaranties to CLOSE CASH BUYERS that we cannot be undersoid hy any WESTERN JOB-

Our Stock will be found better adapted to the wants of of our customers than it is usual to with principles which it is "disloyal to the find in the generality of JOBBING HOUSES; is ordinarily met with ln an exclusive Wholesale Establishment. The departments aletted to

AND

Notions, Will be at all times especially sttractive as par ticular attention will be paid to them, and s

LARGE STOCK Kept constantly on hand. Wo would impress upon our friends that in sending na orders they may rely upon having them executed to the fullest extent of our ability.

MULLINS & HUNT.

Cheap Dry Goods Store,

2nd Street, Maysville, Ky. Maysville, Ky. Jan. 8, 1363.

NEW GOODS!!

just receiving a NEW AND WELL SE-LECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which has been purchased since the recent decline. composed of every thing kept in the Dry Goods Line. The Ladies are particularly requested to call and examine our Stock of DRESS GOODS, consisting in part of the LATEST STYLES. to-wit:

Plain Black Silks, all prices; Fancy Summer Silks; Mozambiques; Poplins; Challies; Valen-TIAS; Plain & Fancy BERGES; SILE GRENADINES; ORGANDIES; SWISS LAWNS; JACONETT LAWNS;

Linen Cambric Dress Goods;

Percals and Chintz Muslins. A large lot of the best Prints; Irish Linens; Linen Diapers and Towciing; Tahlo Linens; Napkins; Marsailles Quilts; Plain and Plaid Jaconetts; Nalnsooks; Mulls; Striped, Plaid and Plain Swisses: Fans of all kinds; Jaconett & Swiss Flouneings, Edgings and Insertings; Valencenes and Thread Laces Linen and Cotton Laces; Ladies Jaconett and Swiss Collers; Mourning Collars; Black Lace and Grenadine Vells; Fancy Veils; Mourning Veils; Linen and Cambrio Handkerchiefs. Kid

A desirable Stock of **CARPETS & MATTINGS**:

Gloves; Picknett and Silk Gloves; Kid & Beaver

Ganntletts; Hosiery of all descriptions; French Corsetts; new style Hoop Skirts.

Parasols; Silk and Cambric Umbrellas. Also, splendid stock of Heavy Domestic Goods; Bleached and Brown Muslins; Drillings; Calicos; Ginghams, of ail qualities; Checks; Cottonades, Wool Tweeds and Summer Cassimeres; suitable for Youth's Clothing. We also call the attention of Gentlemen to our Stock of

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, the latest New York Styles. Also, a splendid

Cents Furnishing Coods, Such as Shirts; Drawers; Undershirts; Collars; Neck Ties; Scarfs; Gloves; Hosiery: Handker-chiefs, &c. Besides many other articles, too tedious to mention, usna'ly kept in the DRY Goods Line, all of which we are prepared to sel as cheap if not obeaper than any one else. Please give us a call and examine onr Goods

RICKETTS, WELLS & CO.. SUTTON STREET, MAYSVILLE, KY. jane 4th, 1868. -- --

FRESH BLUE LICK WATER, EPT Constantly on hand and on tap, For sale by J. H. RICHESON.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE

On Thursday the 25th day of June 1863, I WILL offer for sale to the highest bidder, on the premises, my farm on which I at present reside, containing

287 ACRES!

This farm is in Mason county, on the Maysville, Flemingsburg and Mount Sterling Turnpike Road, within 6 miles of Maysville, 4 miles of Washington and 7 miles of Mayslick.

It is in a high state of cultivation and handsomely improved, having a large Brick Dwelling somely improved, having a large Brick Dwelling containing eight rooms; Brick Kitchen with one of Yonng & Hillers improved patent ranges; a large New Barn—as good as any in the county—capable of stabling 50 head of Horses; fine Corn Crihs and Wagon Sheds; three frame donble storied and porched Negro Houses; Carridonble storied Ne age and Ice Honses and other out-buildings, all new and well built; a Young Orchard of over 400 Apple and Peach Trees—the latter just com-

mencing to bear—all carefully selected and growing finely; a fine Garden of Grapes, Berries and the smaller Fruits.

The entire farm is under good fencing—having near 1,000 pauncls of new plank fence, and I suppose there is not a better watered farm in the county. having never failing springs, good eighterna pond and pool. county. having never failing splings, good cisterna, pond and pool.

Taking into consideration the quality of the soil, its location, state of cultivation and improvements, I feel justified in saying, it is the most desirable farm in Mason county. The land is capable of a favorable division into two good farms, and will be sold, positively, without reserve, as I have determined to change my location.

Possession will be given on the 1st day of No-

vember next, and for any portion desired to be put in small grain, in September—or a reason-able arrangement can be made for an earlier delivery of the whole premises if desired. TERMS OF SALE—Cash; or two-thirds may be in payments rnuning through two years bearing six per cent. per annum. Sale to take place at 10 o'clock, A. M. Persons wishing to purchase are invited to call and examine the premises or address me at Maysville.
june 11, 1563-2w T A. MATTHEWS.

Come down in the center, That's what it means!

SADDLERY.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS NOW SITUATED se as to give his undivided attention to the Manufactory of every article connected with the SADDLE AND HARNESS TRADE! He has now on hand and in process of making, a splendid assortment of Gentlemen and Ladies' spiendid assortment of Gentiemen and Ladies' Saddles; Saddle Bags; Biggy, Carriage, Biake and Sulkey Harness; Wagon and Plow Gear; Riding Bridles, with Racking, Port and Snaffle Bitts; Waggon, Buggy, Ceach, Sulkey and Riding Whips; Hog and Kipskin Collars; Horse Covers, suitable for ail seasons; Leather, Web and Rope Halters; Worsted, Cotton and Hemp Girths; Red top and Irou strapt Hames; Dray and Caut Harness; in short every thing assally and Cast Harness; in short every thing usually kept in a Saddiery Establishment, which will be sold at Wholesale and Retail. at low prices, to onnetual dealers; 5 per cent off for cash.

All Repairing attended to at once, at my old Stand, on 2nd street, to find which. "Come own in the Center," between Market & Sutton.

T. K. RICKETTS.

Maysville, March 26th, 1863.

A. B. COCHRAN'S FAMILY GROCERY STORE. No 32, west-side Market st., GALBREATH'S) MAYSVILLE KY.

TUST received a large stock of Family and Assorted Groceries, such as Sugar, Syrup, Coffee, Teas, Mackerel,

Fish, Nutmegs, Spices, Candles, Willow and Wooden Ware, Brooms, Tobacco, Cigars, &c., &c. Having bought all my Goods for OASH, and my notto being "Quick Sales and Small Profits," can assure all who may give me a call, the heapest Groceries in the city
The best quality of COAL OIL always on

hand and for sale at the lowest market price.

A. B. COCHRAN.

N. B. Five year Old Bourbon on tap, and the best of all kinds of Liquors constantly on hand. Maysville, Ky., March 19, 1863. A. B. C.

PHENIX Insurance Company

BROOKLIN, NEW YORK. STEPHEN CROMWELL, President. PHILAMDER SHAW, Secretary.

Cash Capital, \$200,000. Fire and Inl an Risks taken by this reliable Company on reasonable terms. Prompt set-tleme it for losses.

GEO. A. ORR, Agent. Office, Union Coal & Oil Company. Jan 29, 1865-no 88-

SOAP & STARCH, of best brands. for sale low june 19 By BEN PHISTER.

${f WATCHES, CLOCKS}$

JEWELRY!! HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE Stock of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry of the

Latest Fashions. I have also on hand a large SILVER WARE, PLATED WARE AND FANCY GOODS.

A large Stock of MATERIAL kept on hand to accommodate the trade. Particular attention paid to Repairing and Cleaning Watches. Jewelry & Silver Ware

made to Order. C. F. DUFEU, Next door to Sensation Store. Maysville, Ky., June 4th, 1362.

The Most Economical Healthy and Agreeable Beverage in Use.

KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE!

For sale by the pound or case, by
SEATON & BRODRICK.
jnne 11, 1868. Cor. 2nd & Cour. Sts. jnne 11, 1868.



DR. ROBACK'S STOMACH

TO BE EXCELLED

STOMACHIC Regulator

DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

These Bitters

are not offered to the pubdic as a medicine which will cure all the "ills which flesh is heir to," but as a remedial agent —a great regulator of the system.

In the Bilious districts of the West and South there has, for a long time, been much needed an article of Stomach Bitters, which, if taken in proper quantities, and at the proper time, are a sure preventive of

Bilious Fever, Fever and figue, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Jaundice,

Kidney Complaints, and all diseases of a similar nature.

These Bitters are composed of rare and powerful roots and herbs, which make them Highly Tonic.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters urethehoorman's friend.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters save the poor man many Doctor's Bills.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters are the rich man's Solace and Comfort

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters invigorate the weak and

debilitated. Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters

drive away melancholy and make Life enjoyable.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters are the Soldier's Friend, by preventing Diarrhea, Dysentery, Rheuma-

tism, etc.

These Bitters are put up in quart bottles, of which the above is a facsimile. The label is finely ongraved, and is provided with a safe-guard from counterfeiters. Price \$1 per bottle, or six for \$5. C. W. Roback, Proprietor, No. 6 East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, to

whom all orders should be addressed.

FOR SALE BY J. J. WOOD, Maysville, MACKEY & WOOD, do, JOHN RICHARDSON; Mapslick, W. D. WOOD, Sardis, JOHN B. HOWARD, Orangeborg. THOS. WILLIAMS, Germantown, ROBT. STEVENSON, rphysville BULLOCR & SULLIV, Dover, Dover, And by Druggists and hants generally hroughout the United States and Canadas.

L. H. LONG. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER

IN ALL KINDS OF GRAIN, FLOUR, TOBACCO, SALT, &C., Corner of Wall & 2nd Streets,

MAYSVILLE, ----- KENTUCKY

PUBLIC SALE

june 19, 1862-1y

SEATON & BRODRICK

AGENTS FOR

EASTERN KENTUCKY.

The patronage of the public is universally solicited from the following considerations:—

1st — It is healthier bryond all comparison than miles from Maysville. I will also sail When the following with the following towns:

The miles from Maysville. I will also sail When the following sail w The patronage of the public is universally solicited from the following considerations:—

1st.—It is healthier beyond all comparison than any other Coffee, and is an antidote for dyspepsia and nervone debility.

2d.—It is three times as economical as good ordinary Coffee requiring but helf the curville. The Mill is in a central position, from the following towns: Tollesburg, Orangehung, Mt. Gilead and Mt. Carmel, and 10 miles from Mayaville. I will also sail Wheet and nervone debility.

2d.—It is three times as economical as good ordinary Coffee requiring but helf the curville. 2d.—It is three times as economical as good ordinary Coffee requiring but half the quantity to make the infusion, and being less in price.

Mule Cult; one Two horse Wagon with Harness; one lot of Fine Bacon; to make the infusion, and being less in price. 8d.—It is so pleasant in flavor, that after three or four times using, it is much preferred to Java Coffee.

Honsehold and Kitchen Friniture; one let of Lumber; Farming Utensile: &c.; &c.

All sums of \$5 and under, cash in hand; security will be required. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

june 11, 1868-8t JOSHUA B. BOWMAN.

WASHINGTON, June 14, 1863. The President's reply to the resolutions of the public meeting held at Albany, New York, with regard to arbitrary arrests by gor Democrat. military anthority, and at the same time expressing their determination to austain the Administration in all lawful and constitumade public to-day. It is quite lengthy, enough to seize the despotic power that

resolutions, says: may actually be; as well where they may army, equally constitutional in all places where they will conduce to the public safety, as against the dangers of rebellion or invasion. Take the particular case mentioned by the meeting. It is asserted in substance that Mr. Vallandiguam was, by a military commander, seized and tried for no other reason than words addressed to a public meeting in criticism of the course of the Administration, and in condemnation of the military orders of the General. Now, if there be no mistake about this, if this asser- all laid Waste tion is the truth and the whole truth, if there was no other reason for the arrest, then I concede that the arrest was wring; but the arrest, ss I nnderstand, was made for a very different reason. Mr. Vallandigham avuws his hostility to the war on the part of the Union, and his arrest was made because he was laboring, with some effect, to prevent the raising of troops, to encourage descritons from the srmy, and to leave the rebellion without an adequate mllitary force to suppress it.

"He was not arrested because he was damaging the polltical prospects of the Administration, or the personal interests of the commanding General, but because he was vigor of which the life of the pation depends. He was warring upon the military, and this gave the military constitutional jurisdiction to lay hands upon him. If Mr. Vallandigham, was not damaging the military power of the country, then his arrest was made on a mistake of lact which I would he glad to correct, on reasonable, satisfactory evidence.

"I understand the meeting, whose resolutions I am considering to be in favor of suppressing the rebellion by military force-by armies. Long experience has shown that armies can not be maintained, unless desertion shall be punished by the severe penalty of death. The case requires, and the law and the Constitution sanction this punish. ment, Mist I shoot a simple-minded soldier boy, who deserts, while I must not touch a hair of a wily agitator, who induces him to desert? This is none the less jujurious when effected by getting a father, or brother or friend into a public meeting, and ministration of a contemplible Government, too wesk to punish him if he shall desert. I think that in such case, to silence the agi tator and save the boy, is not only constitutional, but, withal, a great mercy "

writ of habeas corpus, by General Jackson, of mental and physical activity, and inthe President says: "And yet let me say, creases both by its exercise." that in my own discretion I do not know whether I would have ordered the arrest of Mr. Vallandigham. While I can not shift ry heads or weary hearts on the other side the responsibility from myself, I hold that, of Jordan. The rest of heaver will be too as a general rule, the Commander in the sweeter for the toils of earth. The value field is the better judge of the necessity in of eternal rest will be enhanced by the any particular case. Ol course I must prac. troubles of time. Jesus now allows us to tice a general directory and revisory power rest on his bosom. He will soon bring us in the matter.

"One of the resolutions expresses the opinton of the meeting that arbitrary arrests will I think exists. In response to such appeal, ed, that is, I was pained that there should have seemed to be a necessity for arresting shire, is the following ludicrous epitaph: him, and that it will afford me great pleasure to discharge him so soon as I can, hy any means, believe the public safety will not suffer by it."

OLD ABE LINCOLN & COPPERHEAD. - The Tycoon of Japan has sent Oid Abe a coat of mail to protect him from the terrible robels always expected to attack Washington -The papers thus describe it: "An nmbrellalike helmet, made of fahricated sheets of steel and copper, shields the head, while a vandyke of interwoven silk cord and lac quered net work falls gracefully upon the prolusely ornamented with chrysanthemums of gold, in beantiful open work, npon black lacquer, with now and then a rimming of purest silver. The visor is of copper, lacquered in scarlet and brown. The armlets are of the finest copper chain work. The bressiplate is of opper, intersected with gether with delicate wire and golden cord. A short kilt accompanies the armor, and with lacquered leggings, grotesquely formed, completes the set."

Such a rig as that upon such a frame as Old Abe's would scare the devil.

0 0 6 6

President Lincoln's Response to the Albany Resolutions on Arbitrary Arrests May be rests—When Arbitrary Arrests May be Constitutional, and When Not—Mr. Vallandigham's Case.

What the English people, and in fact every civilized people under heaven, must think of this government since the infamous outrages upon Mr. Vallandigham judged by the following from a leading jonrnal printed at Quebec. It says:-Ban-

The Northern States are fast working out tional measures to suppress the rebellion, is who, with resolute grasp, shall be bold but the following extract, covering Vallan- Lincoln has only ventured to essay. If citidigham's case, is the result of the entire zens may be seized, imprisoned, and tried argnment. Mr. Lincoln, in referring to the by conrts martial, after the mode of that which has convicted Mr. Vallandigham, "The meeting indicates their opinion that there is little left to be overcome in the military arrests may be constitutional in lo- desecration of public liberty. It is a melcalities where rehellion actually exists, but ancholy evidence of the state of the country that such arrests are unconstitutional in lo- when such things occur with the ordinary calities where rebellion or insurrection does appliances of party vindictiveness; but to not actually exist. They insist that such find that this man was watched and tracked arrests shall not be made outside of the for the entrapping him, and that the spies lines of necessary military occupation and were officers of the army disguised, and acthe scenes, of insurrection Inasmuch, how. | ting under authority, is so repulsive to the ever, as the Constitution itself makes no such | British notion of the freedom of the subject distinction, I am pushle to believe that that we can hardly conceive how a people there is any such constitutional distinction. of late so vaunting of their liberty as were I concede that the class of arrests complain. Americans can be found to to erate so gross ed of can be constitutional only when in a violation. On no one charge was there cases of rebellion or invasion, the public the siightest ground for conviction. The safety may require them, and I insist that in witnesses spoke of what they remembered such cases they are constitutional, whenever to have been said. They acknowledged the public safety does require them, as well that they altended the meeting for the puris places to which they may prevent the re- pose of conviction, and the judge advocate bellion extending, as in those where it may threw every obstacle in the way of the pris be aiready prevailing; as well where they oner's exculpation. The detense was clear may restrain mischievous interference with and unbiased, as it was conclusive of innothe raising and supplying of a mies to sup- cence, and the mind of any dispussionate press the rehellion, as where the rebellion person, after reading the evidence, must be impressed with the conviction that the trial restain the enticing men out of the army as was a foul muckery, and that the sentence. where they could prevent mutiny in the it carried out, is cold and deliberate murder. [States and Union.

DESOLATION -A correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer writes, from Young's Point as follows:

The whole country from Milliken's Berd to Hard Pines, opposite Grand Gulf a dislance of sixty, miles, is one sabomination of desolation'. It has been an earthly naradise, a lordly palace filled with pictures, statues and articles of vertu. Beautiful gardens, terming with floral beanties, are now

In those magnificent halls where Southern beauty and chivalry were wont to revel and drink deep of the red wine of pleasure, soldiers cook their despised 'sow belly' with fires built out of resewood chairs and curiously carved furniture, sleep on cotton beils worth fitty dollars each-that is, at any "Lowell mil!"-and in the morning ab indon all to the borde of bungry, filthy negroes who follow the army and gather its refuse, like troops of nuclean hirds which smell the carcuss from afar. Among these rich nabohs none excelled the Hon John Perkins. His dwelling is magnificent even in its ruine, and his gardens are still fragrant with acres of roses. When General Butter entered damaging the army, upon the existence and New Orleans he chartered the Magnolia, one of the largest boars on the river, put his most valuable slaves, pictures, plate, carcle, etc., on board, and set fire to the rest. For seven miles his lands blazed with five thousand hales of hurning cutton and granaries of corn: His house, its furniture, which cost \$200 000 in Paris, and the houses of his overseers, all were fired, while he stood up on the back, and watched the mighty confligration. In the morning he embarked a

> I had never dreamed of such Arabian magnificence as I find in the rains of the houses of one of these rich planters In one garden I found no loss than seven handred different varieties of roses. This is, I believe, the largest collection in America .-There are not more than three in Europe that equal it. The fragrance of these beau tiful flawers overpowers the noisome vapors of swamps and bayous.

ruined men.

Music HEALTHFUL, -Mnsic, like paintthere working upon his feelings till he is ing and marry, refines, elevites and ennopersuaded/to write the soldier-boy that he bles. Song is the language of gladness, and is fighting in a bad cause, for a wicked Ad- it is the utterance of devotion. But coming lower down it is physically beneficial -It rouses the circulation, wakes up the budily energies, and diffuses lite and anima tion around. Does a lazy man sing? Does a mi.k and water character ever strike a After reviewing the suspension of the stirring note? Never! Sing is the outlet

THE ENDLESS REST - There are no weato rest in his Father's house. His rest will be glorious. A rest from sin; a rest from sin; a rest from suffering; a rest from toil; a have the effect to divide and distract those rest from sorrow. The very rest that Jesus who should be united in suppressing the re. himself anjoys. We shall rest not only bellion, and I am specifically called on to with him but like him. Thanks be noto discharge Mr. Vallandigham. I regard this God for the rest we now enjuy! Ten thou? act as a lair appeal to me on the extediency sand thanks to Guil for the rest we shall erof exercising a Constitutional power which juy with Christ! Wearied one, look away: from the c use of the present suff ring, and I bave to say it gave me pain when I laarn. remember there is a rest remaining for thee ed that Mr Vallandigham had been arrest- A little while and thou shalt enter into rest

In a church yard at Freedham, 'in Che-

Here lies I, Jonathan Fry. Killed by a sky Rocket In my eye Soeket.

George E. Pugh. The great feature of the Convention at Columbus, was the speeches of Pugh. It is said that his rebuke of the Administration was bold and fearless; the exceriating process was terrible. Corruption was startled from the apathy of indulgence, the guilty Foreign and Demestic Lipnors, struck with fest as with the voice of a shoulders. The outside of the helmet is prophet. He dragged the villains that trampled on the rights of the people to light He shivered and prostrated the iniquity of tyranny. He held up the titled tyrant and corruptionlst, and transfixed them. They stood before the world, naked bleeding, a thing of scorn and shame. (Iffice and rank was no protection. The ignomy of the parallel stripes of lacquer, and woven to- judge who sullied the purity of the beach, was made more conspicuous. The Government spy, the hireling and violator of human faith, the wretch that steeps his feet in widows and in orphans tear; cased and coated as he is, Pugh cleaved the armor of his wickedness, and shook the recreant spirit in its cowardly body. He pierced as with pointed steal; he lashed the Adminis-At a Sanday School, a bright looking tration with terrible sarcasm. He tore mililittle fellow was asked. 'What is conscience?' lary orders to pieces; slashed away, without He answered very properly, 'An inward remorse, at unwarran ed military arrests monitor.' 'And what is a monitor?' 'O, and bitterness, has never been equaled, perhaps, in Ohio.-Hamilton (O.) Telegraph

FRANK & COONS, Attorneys at Law,

MAYSVILLE, KY.

Prompt attention bald to Cellecting. june . :862 A. B. COLE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, MAYSVILLE, RY., [7ILL Practice Law in the Courts of Mason and adjoining counties. All collections in Northern Kentucky will receive prompt attention Office on Court street with STANTON &

J. K. SUMRALL, ATTORNEY AT LAW, MAYSVILLE, KY.,

[.-] - [April 80, 1868-1y

WILL practice in the Courts of Mason and adjoining counties. OFFICE --- West-side of Court Street. jan 15, 1869-1v

E. C. PHISTER, ATTORNEY AT LAW OFFICE ON THE WEST SIDE OF COURT ST. MAYSVILLE, KY.

K. M. HORD. ATTORNEY AT LAW

Angust 14 ,1862.

FLEMINGSBURG, KY. PARTICULAR A TTENTION G IVEN TO COLLECTION

[may14.43-1y] JOHN A. SEATON, J.B. BRODRICK

SEATON & BRODRICK WHOLESALE & RETAIL

DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN

MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, Paints, Oils, Glass, &c. CORNER SECOND & COURT STS.

Maysville, Ky. March 19, ly

NEW

WHOLESALE HOUSE DRY GOODS

AND

NOTIONS! M. R. BURGESS & SON,

Second Street, MAYSVILLE, KY.

WILL OPEN IN THE UPPER ROOMS OF THE

Sensation Store!

department of STAPLE DRY GOODS. White Goods, Notions, Hats and Caps. Hosiery, Laces, Embroideries &c., and will be enriched by weekly receipts from the New York Auctio of FRENCH and ENGLISH DRESS GOODS at great reductions on regular prices. Merchants may rely on getting their Staple Goods by the PIECE or PACKAGE, and their FANCY GOODS by the SINGLE PAT-TERN at the lowest wholesale prices for CASII.

Particular attention will be paid to or M. R. BURGESS & SON.

CHINA, CLASS QUEENSWARE

HAVING purchased of S. C. PRARCE, h. on tire Stock of CHINA. GLASS & QUFENS-WARE, we will contline the business in the house formerly occupied by Peurce. Tolle & Ho'ton. We have on hand und are receiving a large and complete Stock of staple and funcy GOUDS of every description. We keep constantly on hand large and select assortment of

French China Tea Setts, Casters, SILVER PLATED WARE, FINE TABLE CUTLERY, TRAWAITERS VASES, LOOKING GLASSES

and all articles of China and Glassware, all o which we offer at Cincinnati prices for Cash. We respectfully invite the attention of Country Merchants and the public generally. Prompt attention given to all orders. 21 BARRELS NO. 1 MACKEREL;

G. A. & J. E. McCARTHEY, Market Street, opposite Goddard House. Maysville, Ky., March 19, 1863.

ALEX. POWER, W. J. ROSS, A. J. NEWELL

ALEX. POWER & CO. WHOLESALE GROCERS AND DEALERS IN

TOBACCO, CIGARS, ETC.

Corner of Market and Third Streets,

MAYSVILLE, KY. Cash paid for Wheat, Rye and Barley.

Window Glass.

Large lot inst received, comprising many For Sale by SEATON & BRODRICK, Cor. Second & Court Sts. mar26

GOLDEN SYRUPI EXTRA GULDEN-For sale by J. H. RICHESON.

UNION COAL OIL, A LWAYS ON HAND, and for sale at lowest Feb 5. The Feb 5.

NEW GRAIN, GROCERY

COMMISSION HOUSE Corner of 3rd & Market Streets,

MAYSVILLE, - - KENTUCKY.

HAVE JUST OPENED A GRAIN CROCERY AND COMMISSION STORE IT he house formerly occupied by Jas. C. Brookover, north-east Corner of Third & Market Sts.

I will pay the highest market price IN OASH or WHEAT, RYE and BARLEY. I have just received a full stock of Grocerics, Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, Tea. Rice, Fish, Tobacco, Salt, &c., &c., together with a general assort-ment of all articles in the Grocerical assortment of all articles in he Grocery line; all warranted to be of the best quality. My goods have been bought exclusively for Cash, and will be and having bought our Stock early in the Season, sold for Cash or Country Produce, at very small I have also on hand a large stock of PURE OLD BOURBON WHISKY.

Commission, Storage & Farwarding Business ttended to with promptness. All persons desirous of getting the worth of heir money, will please give me a call. june 19th, 1862. BEN PHISTER.

RUSHED, Powdered and Granula ed Sugar, J. of best quality, in store and for sale low by BEN 1 HISTER, Cor. Srd & Maries streets. junc 19

SYRUP.—Philadelphin and Bultimore Syrups.
in barrels, half barrels and 10 gal. kegs, for sale low by

BEN PHISTER, sale low by june 19 Cor. 3rd & Market streets.

TOBACCO of all grades and prices, for sale By BEN PHISTER, Cor. 8rd & Market streets. june 19

VINEGAR of the best quality, for sale by A PPLE BRANDY- old and mellow of best

quality, in store and for sale by e 19 BEN PHISTER. LISH .-- Mackerel and White Fish in barrels, ht. barrels quarter barrels and kits, of best brands for sale at lowest rates by BEN PHISTER.

YEA-a very superior article, the best imported, in store and for sale by BEN PHISTER.

R I E--the pure Carolina Rice, for sale by june 19 BEN PHISTER.

CANDLES .-- Star & Summer Mould Candles of best quality, at BEN PHISTER'S

SEND YOUR WOOL

BEECH WOODS" FACTORY:

WHERE you can exchange, or have it manufactured into Jeans, Tweeds, Satnets, Flannels, or the BEST OF BLANKETS. This Factory is located near RIPLEY. O.; and his established a reputation for loing excellent work, and making the very best fabrics, at Price List for 1763:

Blankete, per pair, \$300 Jams, per yard, 45c. Satinct, per yard, 50 Jeans, fine idue, 50c. White Frannel, 25 Cadored Flannel, 80c. White Flannel, Tyzeed, per yard, Cath, per yurd, 500 Spinning, per dozen, 17 Linsey, 25 to Suc. SHARES.—Blankets, one-half for the other half, all colored goods take 5 yards and give 4. AGENT at Ripley, Gregg & McGracken: al Maysville, B. F. & O. H. P. Thomas, at Augusta, Bankin & Son.

Eny25, 63-2m. HENRY FOX, Proprietor.

Kentucky Harvesters.

THOSE FARMERS WISHING THE above Machines, can get them by calling ipon the undersigned. The new Muchines have hite improvements. JNO. H. RICHESON,

COAL OIL. DRICE REDUCED TO 60 CENTS PER

GALLON. For sale by JNO. H. RICHESON. april 23, 1863. Spring & Summer Goods!

LOUIS STINE MERCHANT TAILOR on sh

AND GENTS FURNISHER,

SECOND STREET, MAYSVILLE. KY. K EEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A Choice assortment of all Seasonable Goods in his line, which he is prepared to dispose of at the lowest rates for "CASIL." The solicits a call from his friends and pledges his best efforts to give Satisfaction. LOUIS STINE. april 23, 1863.

PURE COAL OIL!

60 Cents per Gallon, AT THE NEW DRUG STORE, Corner Second and Court Streets, by SEATON & BRODRICK.

BROOMS, A large supply of best quality, for sale by mar. 5 BEN PHISTER.

NEW MACKEREL. 20 half barrels No 1 20 do. 25 Qr do. 25 25 Kitts No 1 do. Just received direct from Boston and for alc at

CLOVER & TIMOTHY SEED. 25 Bbls Clover and Timothy Seed. just ree'd and for sule by BEN PHISTER.

At BEN PHIST R'S.

DISSOLUTION OF CO.PARTNERSHIP

THE Co-Partnership, heretofore existing

under the name and style of BELL & COLLINS, in the SOAP AND CANDLE business, in the City of Maysville, is this day dissolved by mutual censent. Mr. ROBERT BELL, having purchased the en tire interest of V. P. Collins in said business, is alone empowered to sign the firm name in settlement of accounts due the firm, and inquichtion of its debts.

May 18th, 1868.

V. P. COLLINS.

Rags! Rags!

[may 23-8w]

THE HIGHEST

small advance,

. . CASH PRICE . . 117 IPAID FOR RAGS

At the Eagle Office, by

H. H. COX.

STILL AHEAD! AND STILL AHEAD!! BLUM & HECKINGER.

760 1130 OF THE

PAKE THE PLEASURE OF INFORining our patrons and the public generally

that we have again returned from the East, with

a large and well selected Stock of Spring and Summer Clothing, Consisting of a thorough assortment of

CASSIMERE SUITS, DRESS COATS, : BUSINESS COATS, PANTS and VESTS,

we are enabled still to sell them at the old prices. We call particular attention to the Stock of Piece Goods consisting of

CLOTHS, DOESKINS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c. &c., Which our well known and justly celebrated Cutter, IERRY F. YOUNG. will make up

to order in his usual excellent style. We also call the attention of the public to our complete assortment of

GENT'S FURNISHING GOOD

esnsisting of fine SHIRTS which by the by have gained quite a celebrity with those that were them, TIES, SUSPENDERS, UNDER-SHIRTS, DEAWERS, GLOVES, SOCKS, Always on hand an assortment of TRUNKS,

VALISES and CARPET BAGS. Give us a call and judge for yourselves.

BLUM & HECKINGER, aysville, Kv. Nov. 6, 1562-17.

GODDARD HOUSE.

CORNER OF MARKT & FRONT, STS

Opposite Steamboat Landing, MAYSVILLE, PENTUCKY Mrs. E. F. FLEMING, Proprietress.

THIS well known Hotel, has been reprired and refitted in a superior manner and is now oven to the public. The Proprietress recently of Fox Springs, so lie'ts the patronage of the traveling community. No pains will be spired to give satisfaction to Stages leave daily for all points in the in-rior. Mrs. E. F. FLEMING.

IF YOU WANT THE BEST

PLOW

IN THE WORLD, CALL ON

JACOBS & SON'S. AT THE

Maysville Foundry!

LEE HOUSE! MAYSVILLE, KY.,

Mrs. A. M. TUREMAN, Proprietress

GENERAL STAGE OFFICE [June 19, 1862-1y]

SOLOMAN KINSLER, Watchmaker & Jeweler,

(Opposite the Douphan House.) SECOND STREET,

THE undersigned has just received a large supply of fine Gold and Silver Watches, and dewetry of all styles, to which he invites the attention of the public.
Finger Rings and other Jewelry made to order and warranted to be pure gold.
WATCHES, CLUCKS & JEWELRY, repaired on short notice and warranted to give satisfac-

Tem Thumb Lamps!

on to earry about, and an lan excellent NIGHT LAMP!

For sale at onr NEW DRUG STORE, Corner 2nd & Comt Sis. SEATON & BRODRICK.

May sville, April 23, 1863. REMOVAL GEORGE ARTHUR

Baker & Confectioner who make the hose of the Golder. No pains will be spared to give satisfaction to every guest of the House. AND DEALER IN

Fruits, Nuts, Toys, FANCY GOODS, &c., llas removed his Stock to MULLING & HUNT'S Old Stand, on

SECOND STREET, Where he will be pleased to see and wait upon all Maysville, Ky., April 9th, 1863.

WHEAT, RYE & BARLEY WANTED .- I am constantly in the market and paying est prices.

BEN PHISTER, highest prices. Col. 3rd & Market street.

CIDER VINEGAR.

Superior article of PURE CIDER VINE-GAR, for sale By BEN PHISTER. aprile SUGAR CURED DRIED BEEF, ..

A very superior article. For sale low by mar 5 BEN PHISTER. CHOICE GUN POWDER TEA. PHE BEST ARTICLE IMPORTED, AND 1 pronounced by all who have used it to be the best ever sold in this market. For sale

At BEN PHISTER'S. CUTTING BOXES! A NEW SUPPLY -inst received and for sale mer 19 By JNO. II. RICHESON.

Sugar Mills,

U. S. MAIL LINE. Regular Cincinati Maysville Packet THE FINE, NEW AND SPLENDID STEAMER,

This fine Steamer For the Cincinwas built expressly ville Trade. MAGNOLIA

J. H. PRATHER, Commander. LEW. MORRIS, Clerk. JOHN THRASHER, Assistants.

Leaves foot of Walnut St., for Maysville, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 120'clock, M. Leaves Maysville for Cincinnati, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 10 o'clock, A. Y For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to J. M. LOVE.

Freight received at all hours at the Maysville Packet Landing.

Cincinnati, Maysville and Portsmouth REGULAR TRI WEEKLY PACKET. THE SPLENDID STEAME

Bostona. Captain WM. McCLAIN, Commander, will continue in the shove trade, leaving Cincinnatiovery Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and Ports-mouth avery Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 12 M. Stopping at Maysville either way between the hours of 5 and 7 P.M. For freight or passage apply on hoard or to R. McNeely, Agent, Maysville, Ky.

REMOVAL!

EO. BROWN, has removed to the Jewery Store, one door above Geo. Cox & Son's Store, where he will be pleased to see all of his old enstomers. WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY.

Figured on the SHORTEST NOTICE and LIBERAL ERMS. [Maysville. July 81, 1362. TERMS.

ROSS & COLVIN. HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

Shop on 2nd Street, over Gurney's Meat Store, MAYSVILLE. KENTUCKY.

RAINING, GILDING, GLAZING AND A PAPER HANGING, Jone in the lutest and most approved style, and with dispatch.

WM. COLVIN

SIC etween 0 Proprieto

of every

Front and Columbia

DENNISON HOUSE,

Fifth street, bet. Main & Sycamore,

CINCINNATI, OHIO CORBIN GALLEHER. PROPRIETORS.

JOS. F. PERRIE, 7 THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAS BEEN RE-PAIKED and REFITTED THROUGHOUT, and is now open to the Public. The Proprietors, recently of the "Goddard House." Maysville, Ky., solicit the patronage of the travelling com-muity, and especially of those Kentuckians to

CORBIN GALLEHER, JOS. F. PERRIE. Cincinnati, U., Dec. 4th, 1862.

S. SOLOMON. GO DARD HOUSE BUILDING,

Market Street, May 7, 1863-1y MAYSVILLE, KY. PICKLES, CATSUPS, SAUCES &c. N GREAT VARIETY, SUCH AS:

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